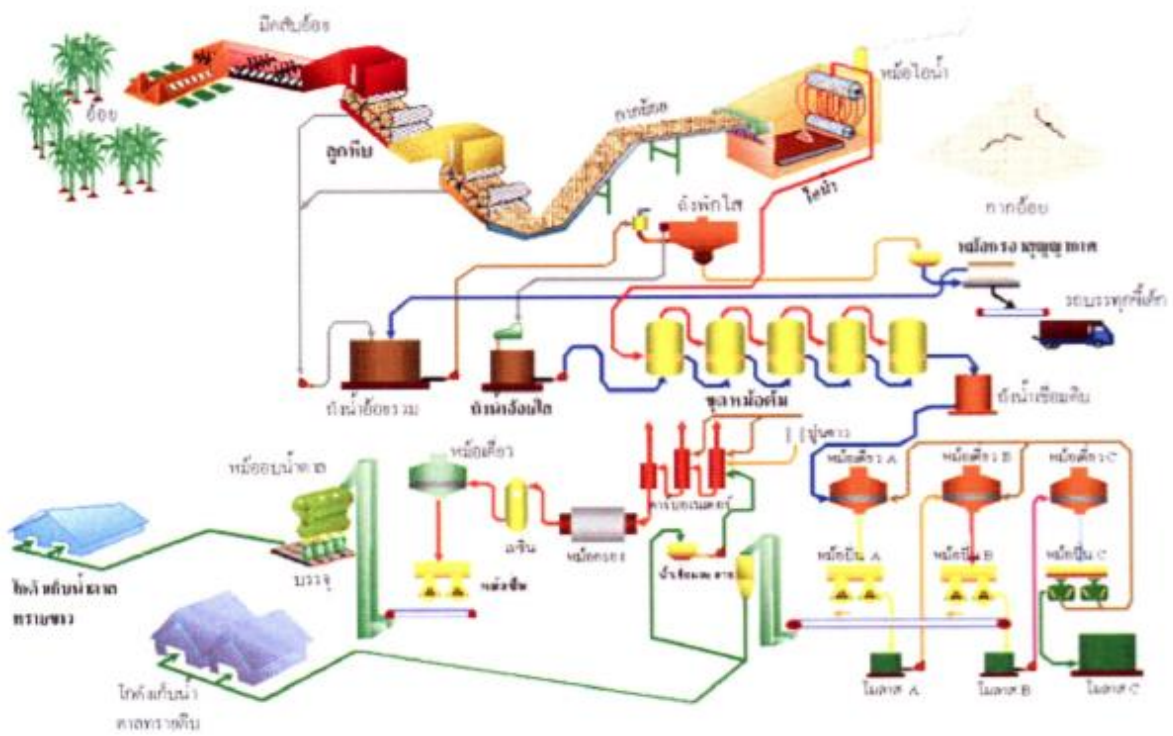


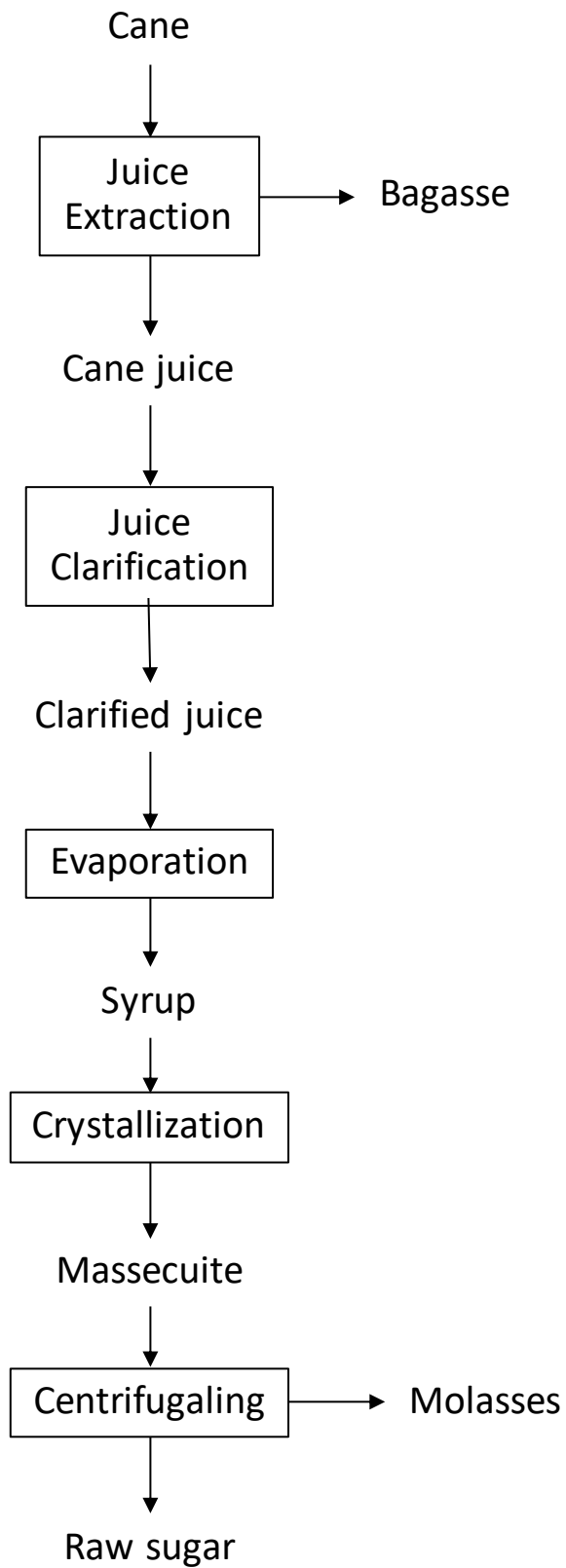
## **Workshop “Design a Smart Manufacturing for Sugar Production Processes”**

1. Students work as a group of 2-3 and design a smart manufacturing for sugar production processes using industry 4.0 technologies and smart manufacturing concept.
2. The details of the sugar production processes are provided.
3. Duration of the workshop is 1 hours.
4. Each group will propose and present the designed smart manufacturing model for the sugar production processes at the end of workshop.

# Sugar production processes



## Process flow of raw sugar



## **Raw sugar production processes**

In raw sugar production, the processes can be divided into 5 steps as follows.

### **1. Juice extraction**

Cane is transported using a conveyor to a shredder (breaking cane into small pieces) and then the shredded cane is transported to a set of mills for juice extraction. The shredded canes exiting the last mill is called bagasse.

### **2. Juice Clarification**

The juice from the mill is transported to a clarifier to remove heavy particulates using heat and lime. The clarified juice is a product of this process.

### **3. Evaporation**

The clarified juice is passed through heat exchangers to preheat and to multi evaporator. The syrup with 65% solids and 35% water is produced.

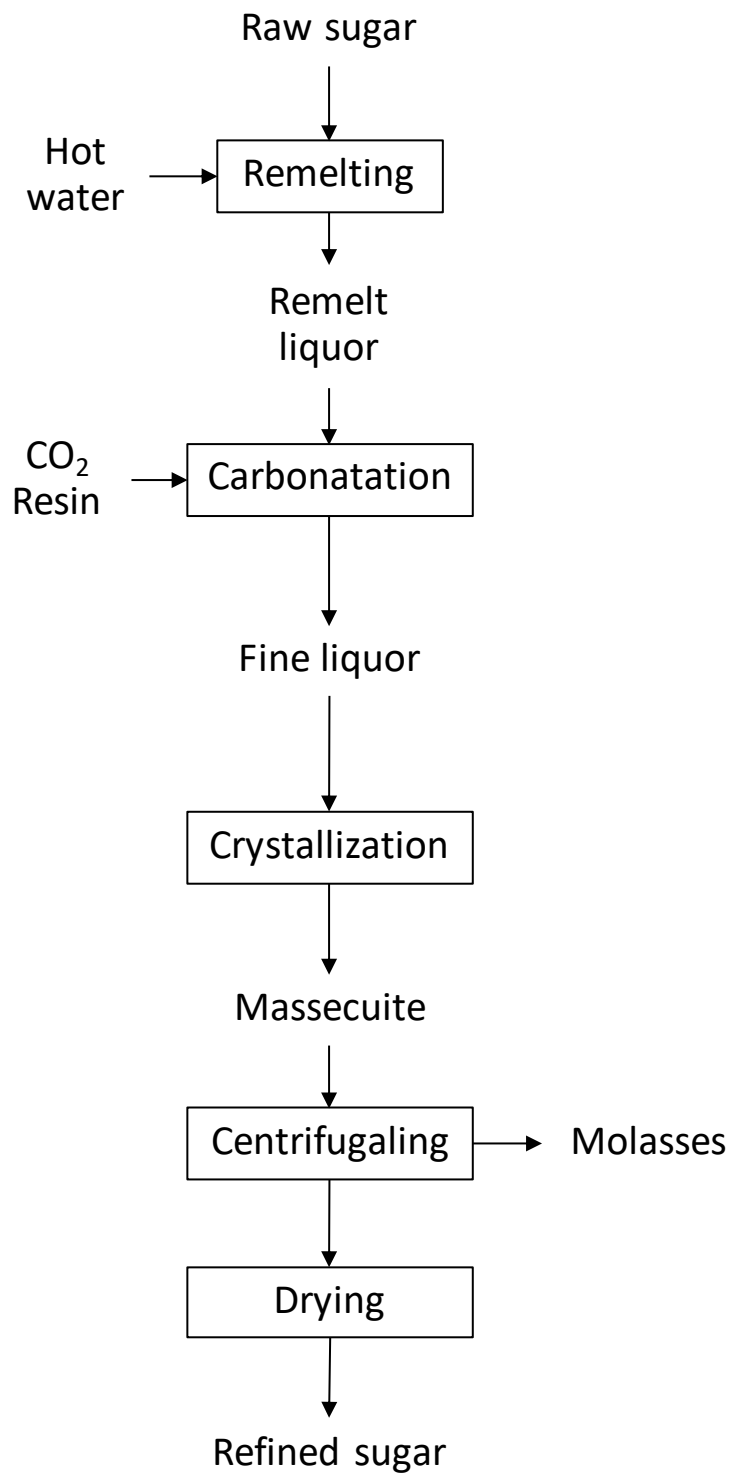
### **4. Crystallization**

The syrup then goes to a vacuum pan for crystallization. In this process, the mixture consists of liquor and crystal known as massecuite.

### **5. Centrifuging**

The massecuite is centrifuged to separate the molasses from raw sugar. The raw sugar is stored in a silo for refined sugar production.

## Process flow of refined sugar



## **Refined sugar production processes**

In refined sugar production, the processes can be divided into 5 steps as follows.

### **1. Remelting**

Raw sugar is remelted and remelt liquor is produced.

### **2. Carbonatation**

The remelt liquor is screened to remove any particulate. Carbonatation consists of adding lime to raw melter liquid and then bubbling carbon dioxide through the liquor to produce a calcium carbonate precipitate. The decolorization remove soluble impurities by adsorption. The fine liquor is produced in this process.

### **3. Crystallization**

The fine liquor is sent to a vacuum pan and then massecuite forms.

### **4. Centrifugaling**

The massecuite is centrifuged to separate the refined (white) sugar from molasses.

### **5. Drying**

The refined sugar is sent to dryer and packed for sale.