



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Engineering GREATS

Pisut Koomsap, Ph.D.
MSIE 4.0 Project Coordinator



Curriculum Development
of Master's Degree Program in
Industrial Engineering for Thailand Sustainable Smart Industry

แผนยุทธศาสตร์มหาวิทยาลัยธรรมศาสตร์ ฉบับที่ 12 (พ.ศ.2560-2564)

5 ยุทธศาสตร์เพื่อการขับเคลื่อน





สร้างบัณฑิตที่มีคุณลักษณะ GREATS

เป้าประสงค์: สร้างบัณฑิตให้มี

- ❑ คุณลักษณะ GREATS
- ❑ ทักษะการเป็นผู้ประกอบการ (Entrepreneur)
- ❑ ทักษะ 3 ภาษา

วิธีการไปสู่เป้าประสงค์

- ❑ กระบวนการเรียนรู้ตามแนวทาง Active Learning
- ❑ ปลุกฝังทักษะการเรียนรู้ตลอดชีวิต

<http://acrd.tu.ac.th/km/in-acrd/>

GREATS₃



G	Global Mindset	ทันโลก ทันสังคม
R	RESPONSIBILITY	สำนึกรับผิดชอบ อย่างยั่งยืน
E	ELOQUENCE	สื่อสารสร้างสรรค์ และทรงพลัง
A	AESTHETIC APPRECIATION	มีสุนทรียะ ในหัวใจ
T	TEAM LEADER	เป็นผู้นำ ทำงานเป็นทีม
S	SPIRIT of THAMMASAT	มีจิตวิญญาณ ธรรมศาสตร์



แนวคิด	คุณลักษณะ
G : Global Mindset ทันโลก ทันสังคม เท่าทัน การเปลี่ยนแปลงของโลกใน มิติต่างๆ	นักศึกษาตระหนักถึงความสำคัญและความจำเป็นที่ต้องเปิดโลกทัศน์ให้กว้างขวาง ยิ่งขึ้น สนใจและติดตามปรากฏการณ์ที่สำคัญทางการเมือง เศรษฐกิจ สังคม และ วัฒนธรรมที่กำลังเป็นกระแสทั้งในระดับประเทศ ระดับภูมิภาคอาเซียน และระดับโลก เพื่อให้ทันโลก และสามารถใช้ประโยชน์จากความทันโลกในการพัฒนาศักยภาพของ ตนเอง
R : Responsibility มีสำนึกรับผิดชอบอย่างยั่งยืน ต่อตนเอง บุคคลรอบข้าง สังคม และสิ่งแวดล้อม	นักศึกษาเข้าใจหลักการความยั่งยืนและตระหนักในคุณค่าของความยั่งยืน เข้าใจ ธรรมชาติของสรรพสิ่งที่เชื่อมโยงและเป็นพลวัตร สามารถนำความเข้าใจทั้งสองเรื่อง มาประยุกต์ใช้ในชีวิตประจำวันในเรื่องการบริโภค การใช้ทรัพยากร เช่น น้ำ พลังงาน ฯลฯ อย่างมีสำนึกรับผิดชอบต่อตนเอง คนรอบข้าง สังคม และสิ่งแวดล้อม
E : Eloquence สื่อสารอย่างสร้างสรรค์และ ทรงพลัง มีทักษะสุนทรียะ สนทนา	นักศึกษามีทักษะการคิดอย่างสร้างสรรค์ โดยมีการคิดเชิงวิพากษ์เป็นองค์ประกอบ สำคัญ สามารถจัดการเนื้อหาที่ตนเองคิดอย่างเป็นระบบ เพื่อสื่อสารไปยังผู้รับใน ระดับต่างๆ คือ ระดับบุคคล องค์กร และสังคม ได้อย่างชัดเจน เหมาะสมกับ สถานการณ์ที่มีบริบทที่ต่างกัน ในด้านสังคม วัฒนธรรม สภาพแวดล้อม และเกิด ผลสัมฤทธิ์ตามที่ต้องการอย่างเป็นรูปธรรม

แนวคิด	คุณลักษณะ
A : Aesthetic Appreciation ซาบซึ้งในความงาม คุณค่าของศิลปะ ดนตรี และสถาปัตยกรรม	นักศึกษามีความรู้ในการดูแลตนเองแบบองค์รวม (ร่างกาย อารมณ์ สังคม และจิตวิญญาณ) ในด้านการบริโภคอาหาร การออกกำลังกาย การป้องกันโรค การจัดการความเครียด การสร้างความมั่นคงทางอารมณ์เมื่อเผชิญกับปัญหา รับรู้และซาบซึ้งในความงาม คุณค่าของศิลปะในแขนงต่างๆ ทั้งทัศนศิลป์ ดนตรี ศิลปะการแสดง และสถาปัตยกรรม
T : Team Leader ทำงานร่วมกับผู้อื่นได้ทั้งบทบาทผู้นำ และบทบาททีม	นักศึกษาประพฤติปฏิบัติต่อผู้อื่นอย่างมีมารยาทพื้นฐานในการฟัง ปฏิบัติตนอย่างเคร่งครัดในเรื่องการตรงเวลา เคารพกติกา เคารพสิทธิผู้อื่น ยอมรับความคิดเห็นที่แตกต่าง มีความรับผิดชอบ มีกิริยาและวาทะที่สุภาพแสดงออกถึงมิตรไมตรี เมื่อต้องทำงานร่วมกัน สามารถปรับพฤติกรรมของตนเองได้อย่างเหมาะสม ทั้งบทบาทผู้นำ และบทบาททีมงาน เพื่อให้งานโดยรวมสำเร็จตามที่ต้องการ
S : Spirit of Thammasat จิตวิญญาณความเป็นธรรมศาสตร์ เชื่อมันระบอบประชาธิปไตย สิทธิเสรีภาพ ยอมรับในความเห็นที่แตกต่าง และต่อสู้เพื่อความเป็นธรรม	นักศึกษามีความรู้ ในเรื่องระบอบประชาธิปไตย สิทธิเสรีภาพบนพื้นฐานความแตกต่างแนวคิดทางการเมือง สังคม เชื้อชาติ ศาสนา และวัฒนธรรม อย่างผสมผสาน เสียสละแรงกาย และอื่นๆ เพื่อช่วยเหลือบุคคลและสังคมโดยมิต้องได้รับคำร้องขอ ประพฤติปฏิบัติในวิถีประชาธิปไตย ไม่เพิกเฉยต่อความไม่ถูกต้อง ความไม่เป็นธรรมต่อสังคม โดยเข้าไปช่วยเหลืออย่างเหมาะสม

Active Learning

กระบวนการ
เรียนรู้ที่ **ผู้เรียน**
ต้อง **คิด**
วิเคราะห์ และ
ค้นคว้า เพื่อให้
ได้มาซึ่งความรู้
ความเข้าใจใน
เนื้อหา



<http://acrd.tu.ac.th/km/in-acrd/>

ผู้สอน มีหน้าที่หลักในการ**บริหารการเรียนรู้** การบรรยายเฉพาะองค์ความรู้ที่สำคัญ การออกแบบกลไกที่จะทำให้**ผู้เรียน**มีกระบวนการเรียนรู้ด้วยตนเอง การทำหน้าที่**แนะนำ** (Guide) ให้ข้อมูลย้อนกลับ (Feedback) และ**ผลักดัน**ให้**ผู้เรียน**ก้าวหน้าไป**ตามศักยภาพ**ของตนเองให้ได้มากที่สุด



<http://acrd.tu.ac.th/km/in-acrd/>



BUILDING

GREATS

with

and

**ACTIVE
LEARNING**

**LIFELONG
LEARNING**



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



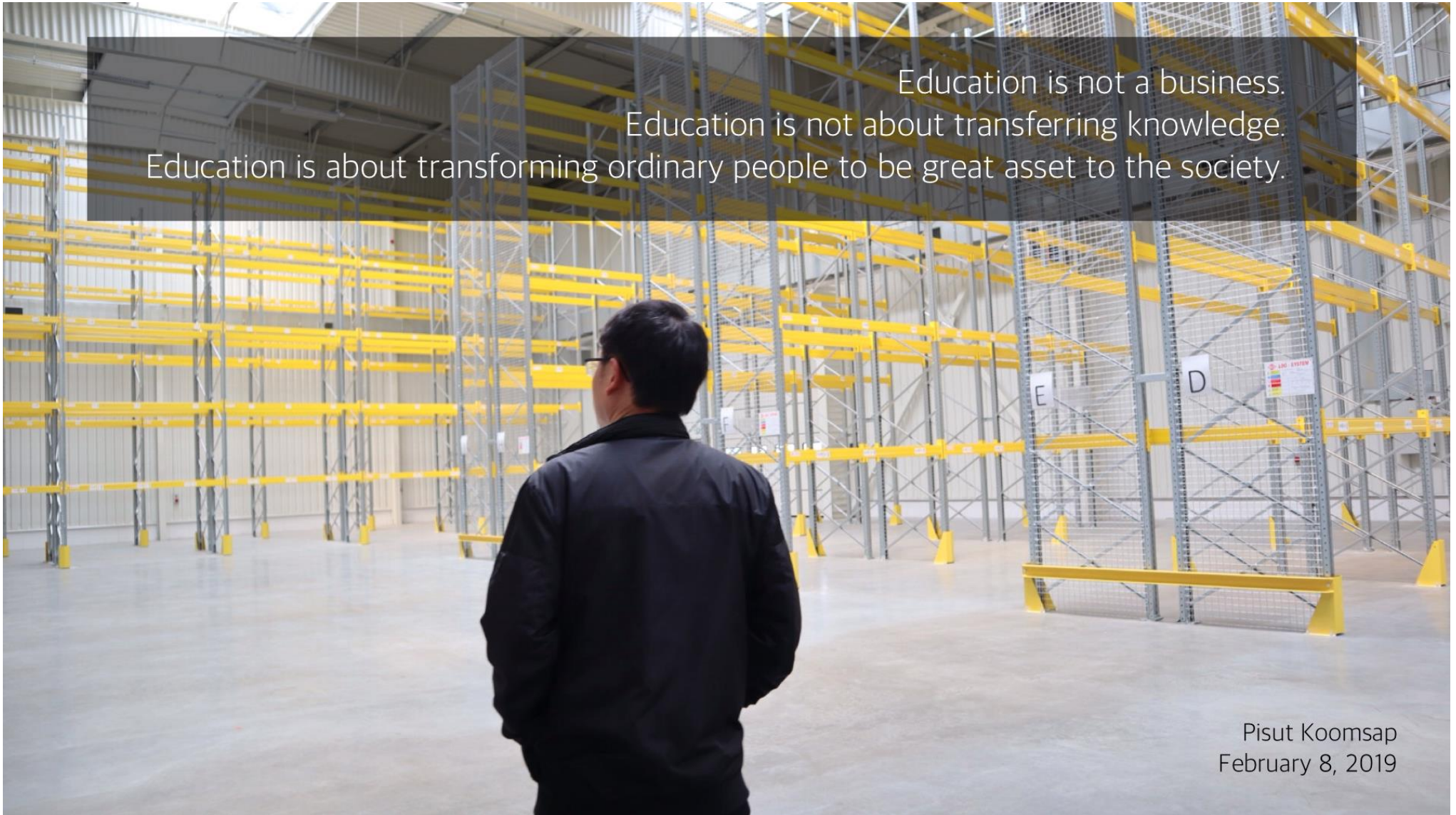


How about your GREATS?

Similar or Different



Education is not a business.
Education is not about transferring knowledge.
Education is about transforming ordinary people to be great asset to the society.



Pisut Koomsap
February 8, 2019



MSE 4.0

MY

GREATS



Growth mindset

Role model

Emotional intelligence

Authentic person

Transdisciplinary

Social responsibility



Growth Mindset

Mindset of a **WINNER**



CHALLENGES

...embrace challenges

OBSTACLES

...persist in the face of setbacks

EFFORT

...see effort as the path to mastery

CRITICISM

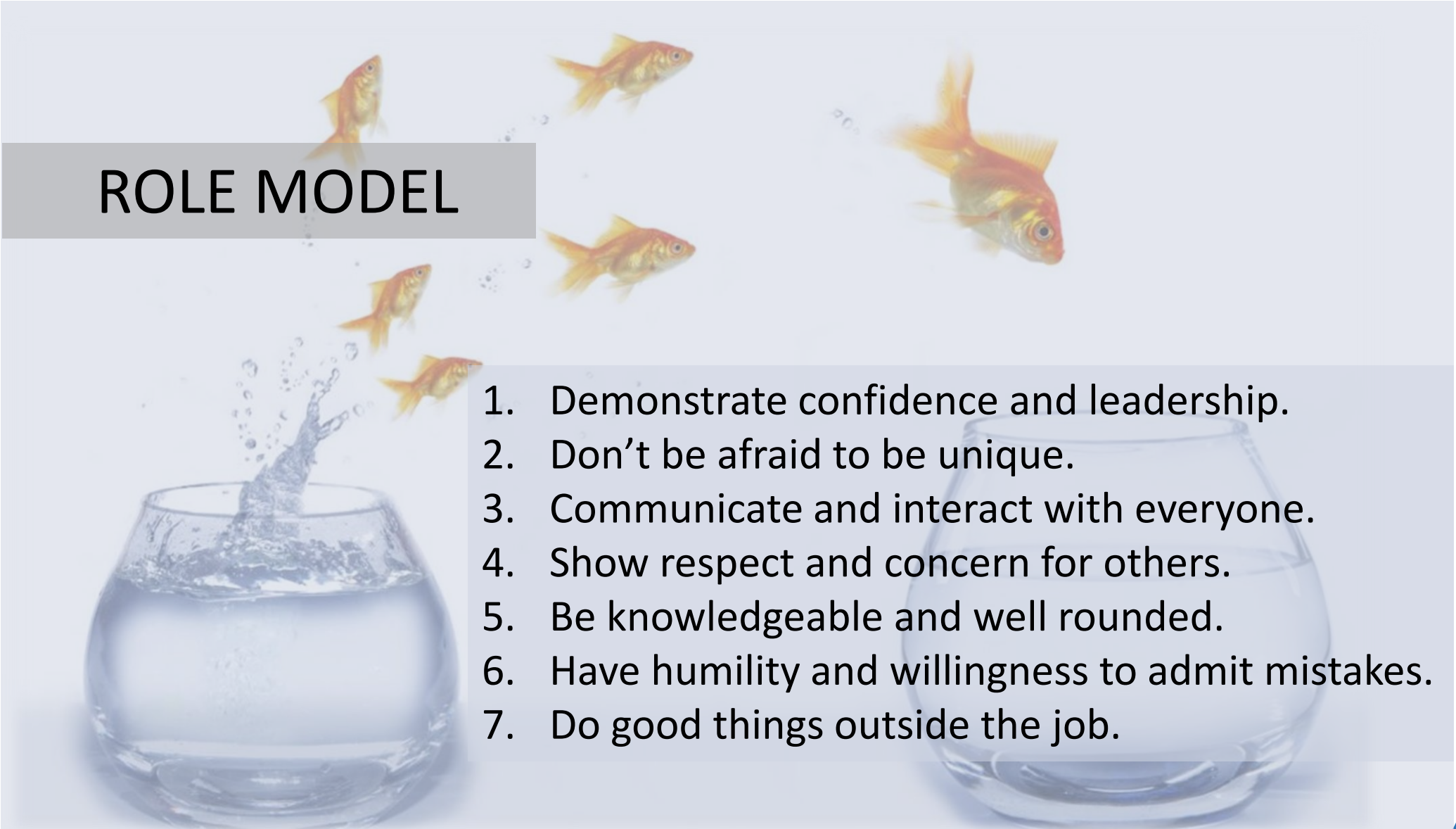
...learn from criticism

SUCCESS OF OTHERS

...find lessons and inspiration in the success of others

**With growth mindset,
intelligence can be
developed and
we will reach ever-higher
levels of achievement.**

ROLE MODEL

- 
1. Demonstrate confidence and leadership.
 2. Don't be afraid to be unique.
 3. Communicate and interact with everyone.
 4. Show respect and concern for others.
 5. Be knowledgeable and well rounded.
 6. Have humility and willingness to admit mistakes.
 7. Do good things outside the job.

MSE 4.0



Motivation

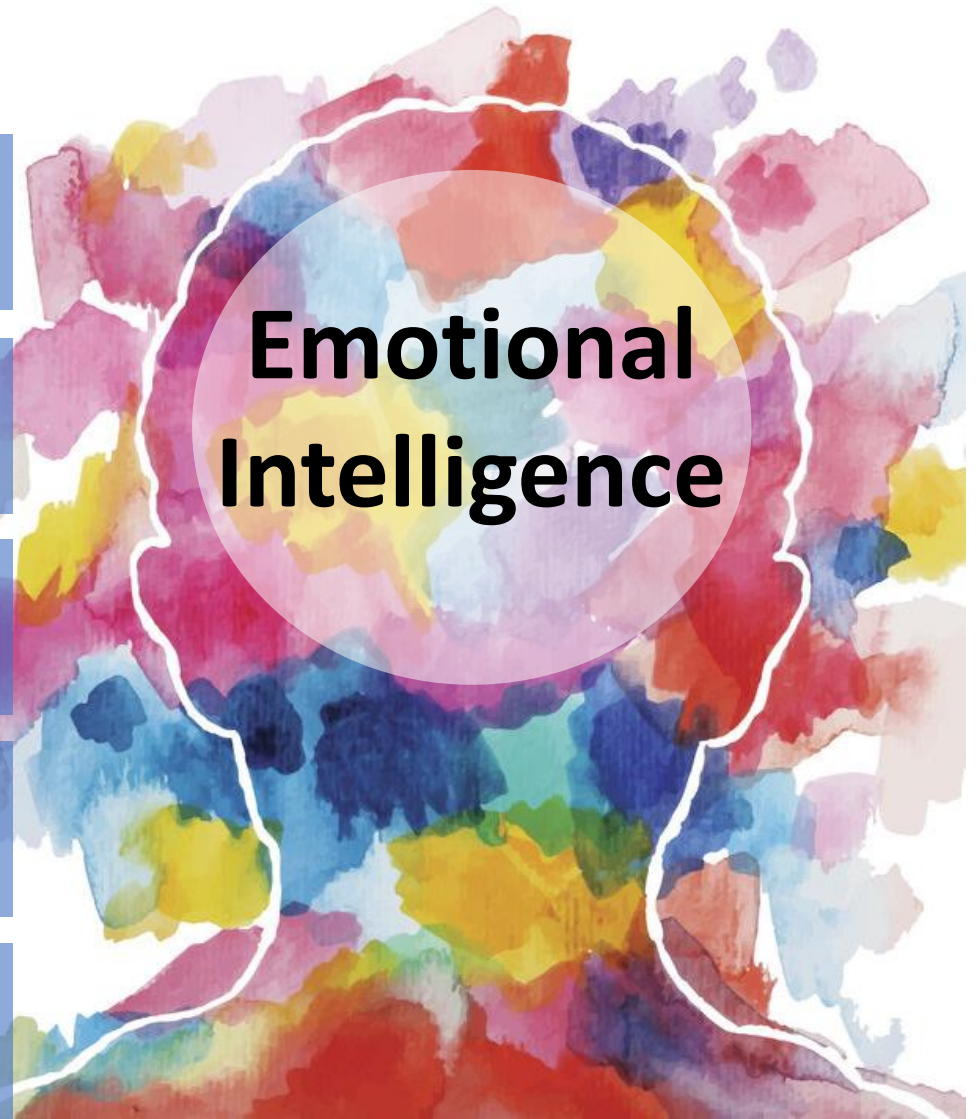
Social Skill

Empathy

Self Regulation

Self Awareness

Emotional Intelligence



Goleman, D. (2017). *What Makes a Leader?* (Harvard Business Review Classics).
Harvard Business Press.

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Authentic People

1. They **help others** to be their authentic selves.
2. **"You will never reach your destination if you stop and throw stones at every **dog that barks.**"**
3. **Winston Churchill**
4. They are **confident**.
5. **"Great minds discuss ideas; average minds discuss events; small minds discuss people."**
6. **Eleanor Roosevelt**
7. They **don't complain** about their problems.
8. They're **internally motivated**.
9. They **make the best** out of any situation.
10. They **don't get stressed** or upset when someone doesn't like them.



Transdisciplinary

Since the industry will be much more complex, the way we learn should be adjusted





Social Responsibility

“ฉันรักธรรมชาติ เพราะธรรมชาติสอนให้ฉันรักประชาชน”

MSE 4.0



“**Success** is measured
by a positive impact
made on others,
not one’s own self”





Engineering GREATS for Engineering Schools

Engineering Leadership



Engineering Leadership

Technical Mastery

Practical Engineer
Innovative Engineer

Organizational Innovation

Collaborative Optimization

Rottmann, C., Sacks, R., & Reeve, D. (2015). Engineering leadership: Grounding leadership theory in engineers' professional identities. *Leadership*, 11(3), 351-373.



Profile of Typical Engineering Students & Graduates



- excels at learning structures that explain systems and disembedding complex systems into pieces for reassembly into a different structure (problem solving);
- dislikes unpredictable situations because of a lack of structure and rules to guide response; and
- has been rewarded for being competitive at an individual level in task performance.

Seat, E., Parsons, J. R., & Poppen, W. A. (2001). Enabling engineering performance skills: A program to teach communication, leadership, and teamwork. *Journal of Engineering Education*, 90(1), 7-12.





Top 10 Skills to be relevant in Industry 4.0

2015

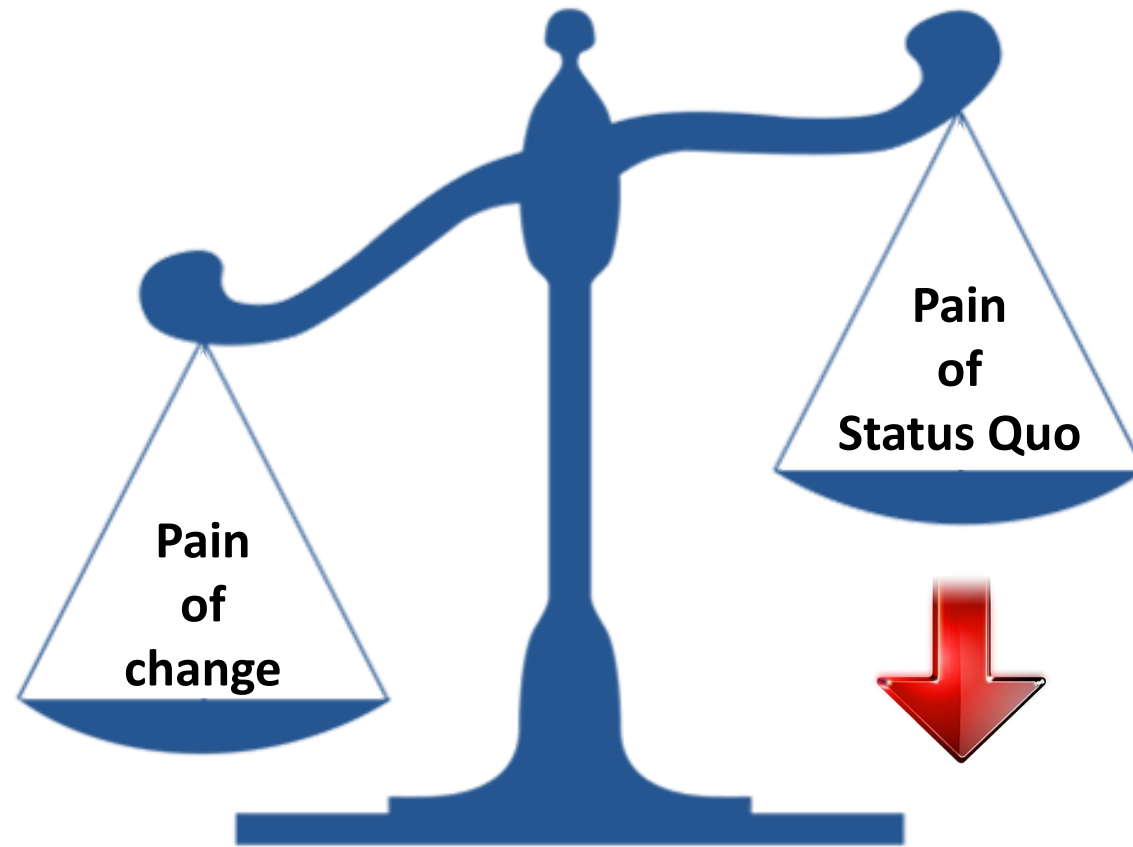
1. Complex problem solving
2. Coordinating with others
3. People management
4. Critical thinking
5. Negotiation
6. Quality control
7. Service orientation
8. Judgment and decision making
9. Active listening
10. Creativity

2020

1. Complex problem solving
2. Critical thinking
3. Creativity
4. People management
5. Coordinating with others
6. Emotional intelligence
7. Judgment and decision making
8. Service orientation
9. Negotiation
10. Cognitive flexibility



Balancing the Pain





– C H A N G E –

**Great things never came
from comfort zone.**



Learning is not an outcome. It's a process.

It does not create knowledge, skills or competence.

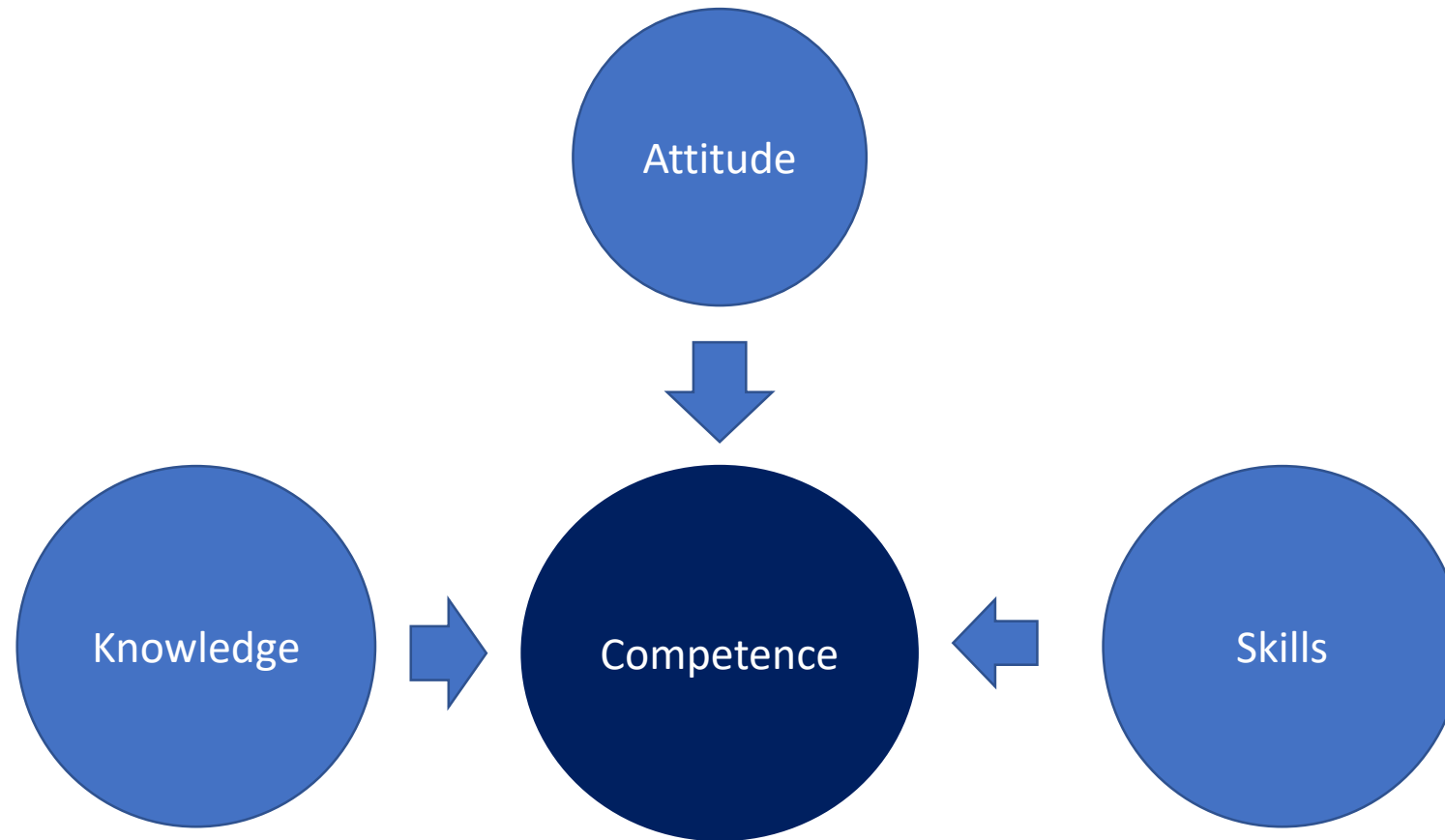
It creates experience.

**Learning process produces experience
that builds knowledge and skills.**

**Good learning process produces a strong experience
that builds competence.**



Profile of Graduates



ROSE for All of Us

Risk

You cannot discover new oceans unless you have the courage to lose sight of the shore.

Enthusiasm

Attack every problem with enthusiasm. Your survival depended upon it.

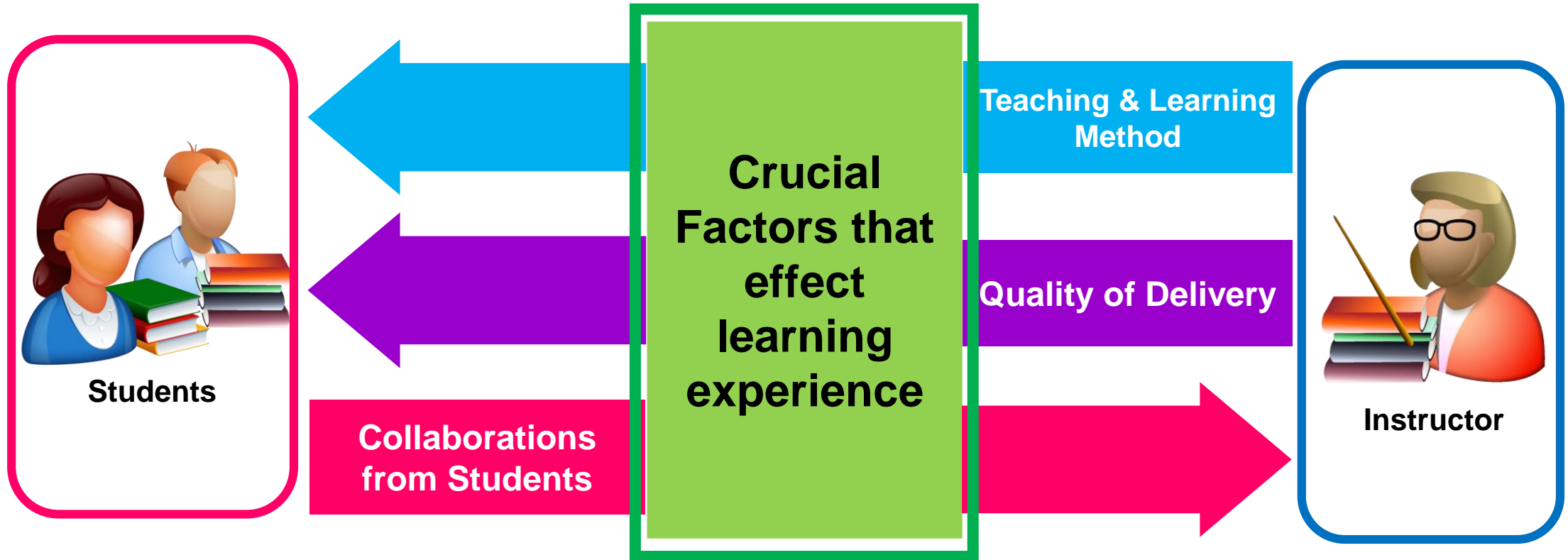
Opportunity

There is an island of opportunity in the middle of every difficulty.

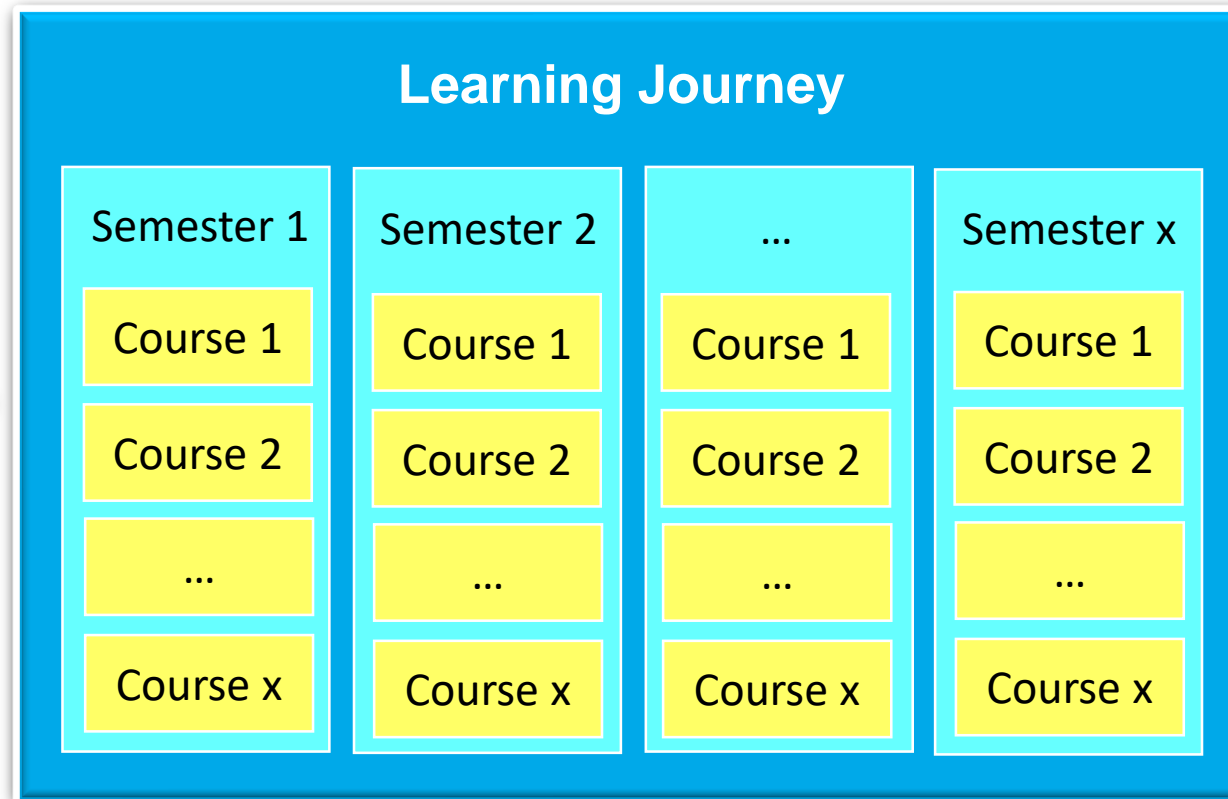
Success is a journey, not a destination.



Crucial factors of learning experience



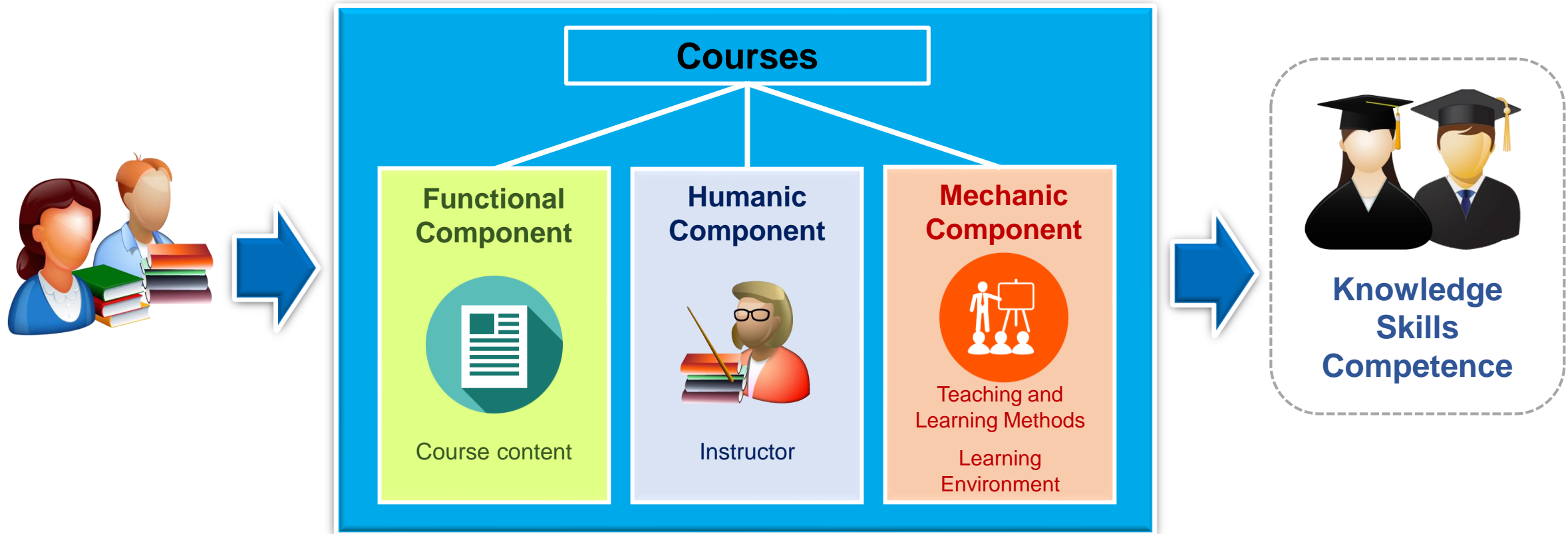
Learning Process



**Knowledge
Skills
Competence**



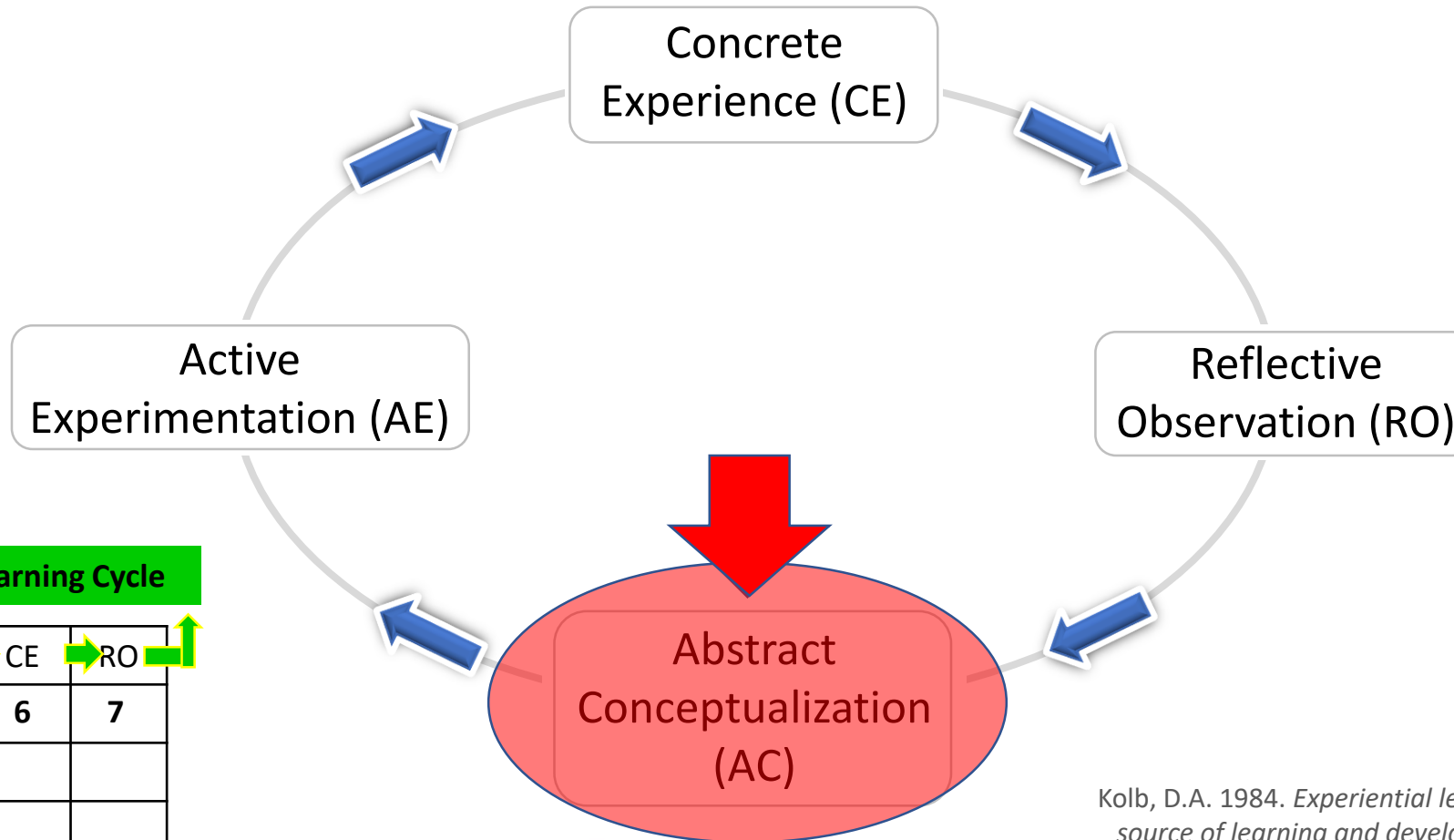
Learning Process



Conventional way of learning



Kolb's Model: Experiential Learning Cycle

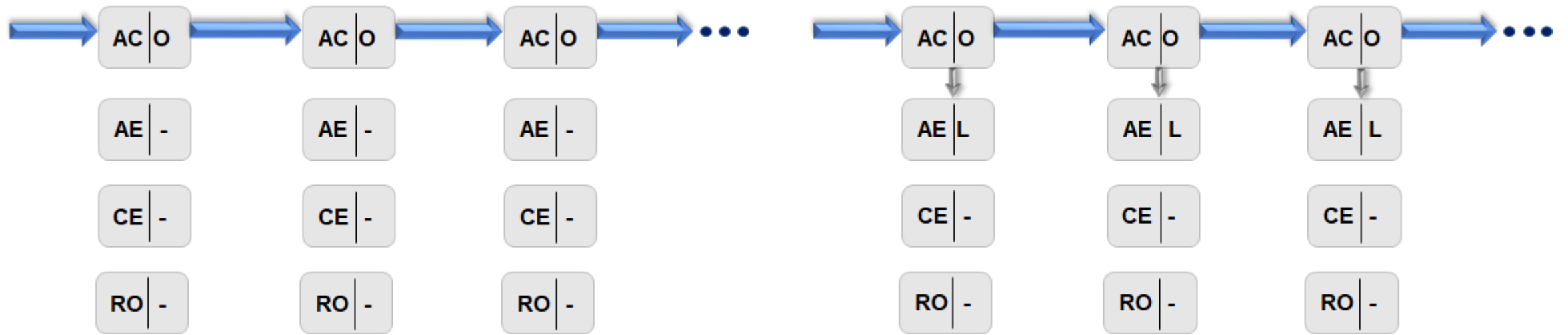


Kolb, D.A. 1984. *Experiential learning: Experience as the source of learning and development*. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall.

Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union



Student Journey in Traditional Learning

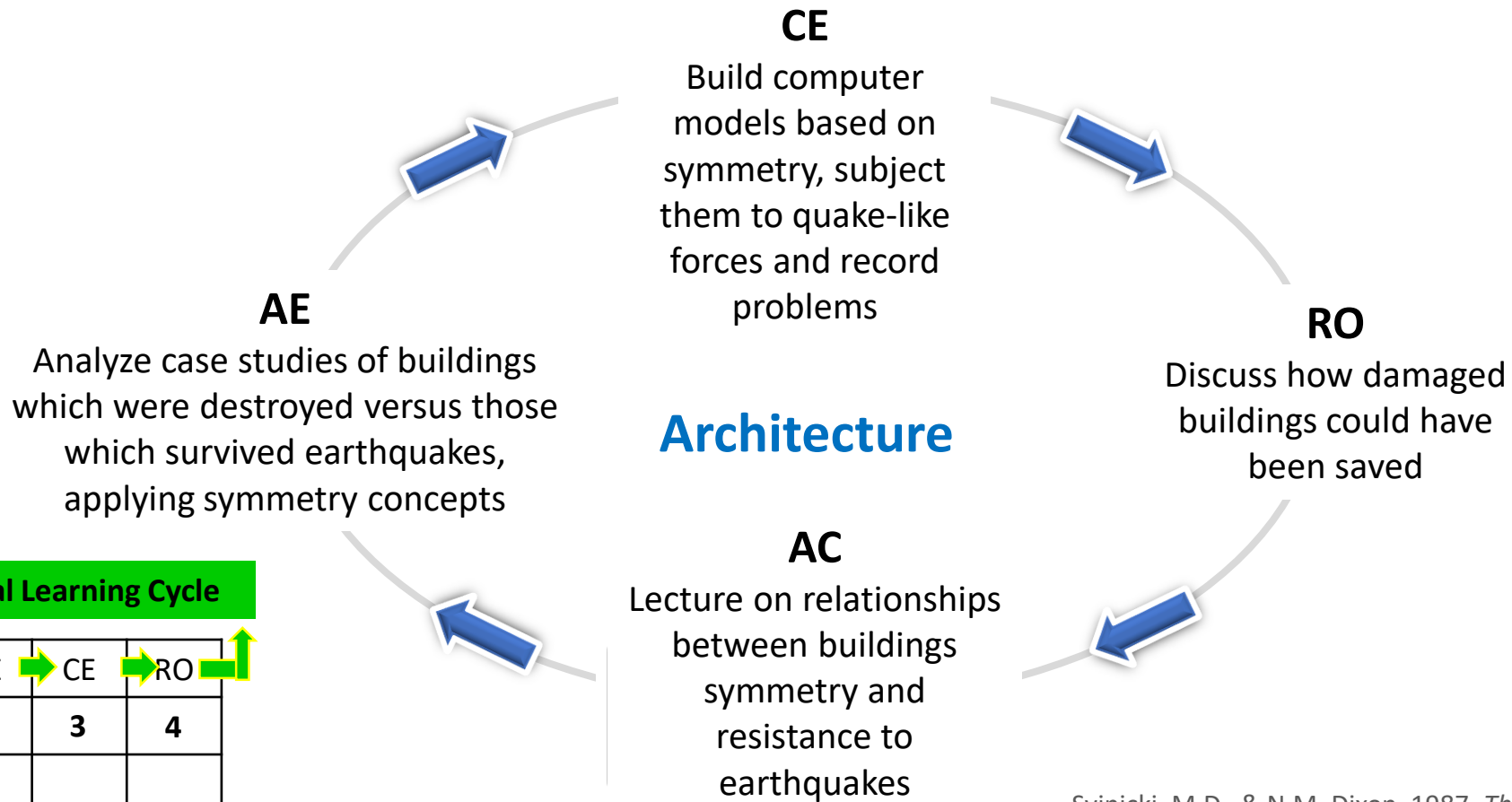


Intensive Lecture Type Class

Intensive Lecture and Assignment Type Class



Experiential Learning Cycle: Example on Architecture



Svinicki, M.D., & N.M. Dixon. 1987. *The Kolb model modified for classroom activities*. College Teaching, vol. 35, no. 4, pp. 141-146.

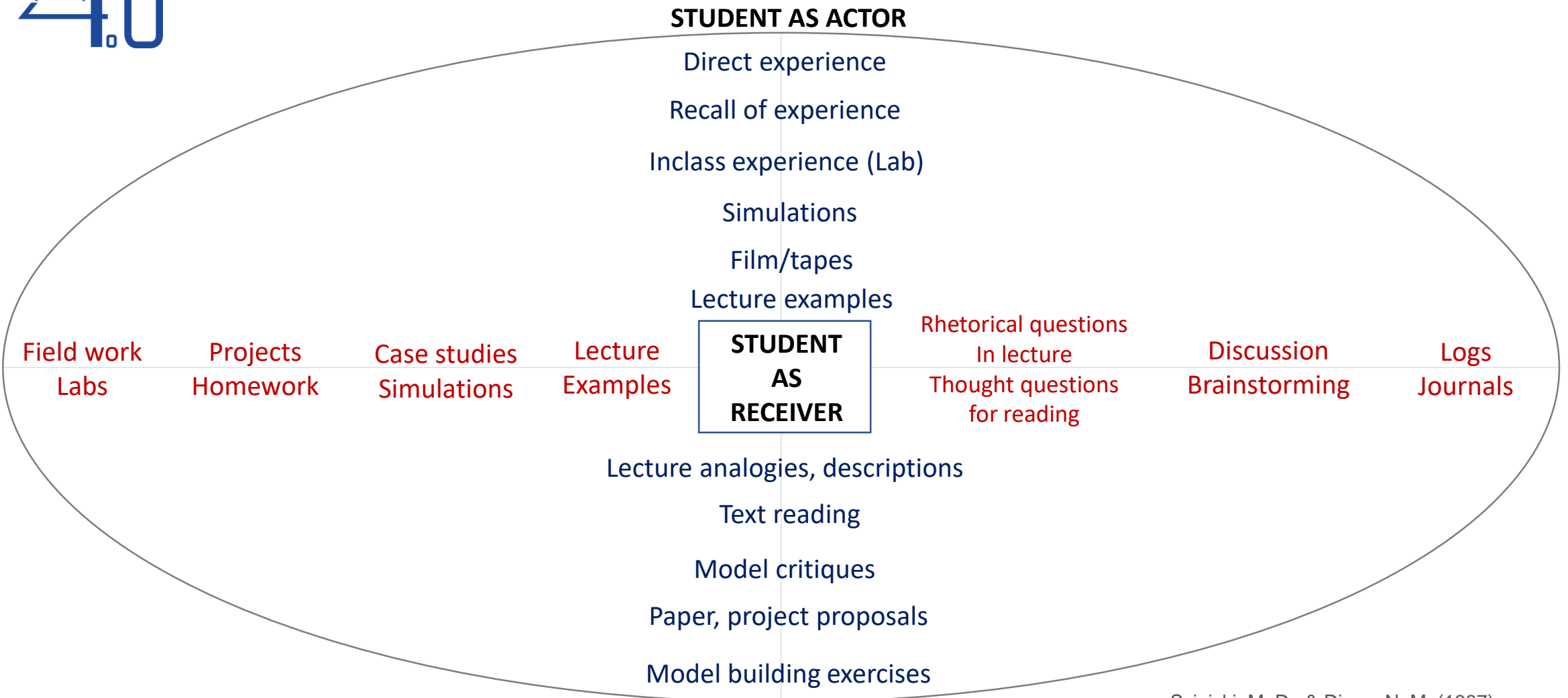
Experiential Learning Cycle



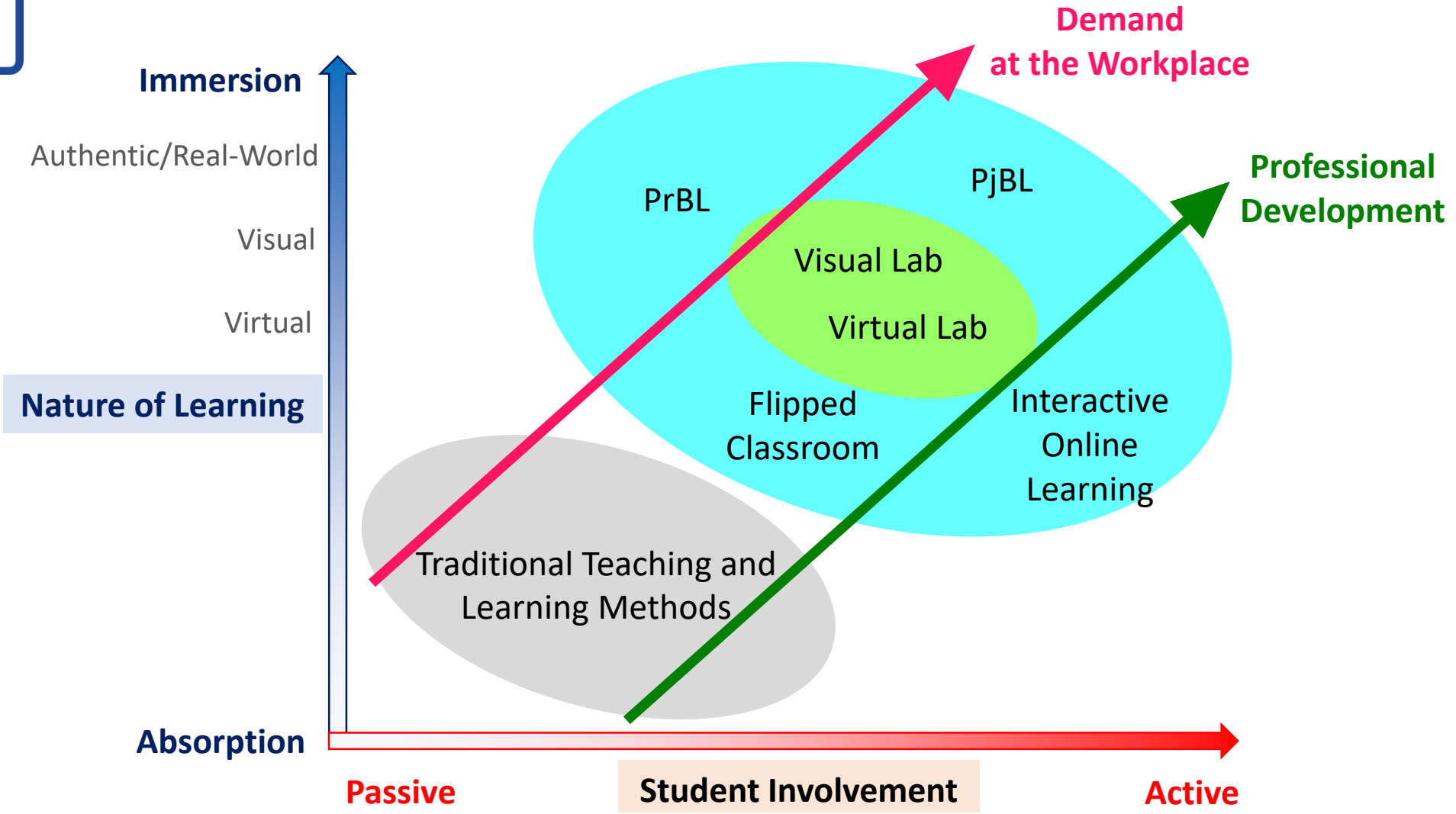
	AC	AE	CE	RO
T1	1	2	3	4
T2				
T3				
T4				
Tx		...		



Degree of direct student involvement in various teaching methods

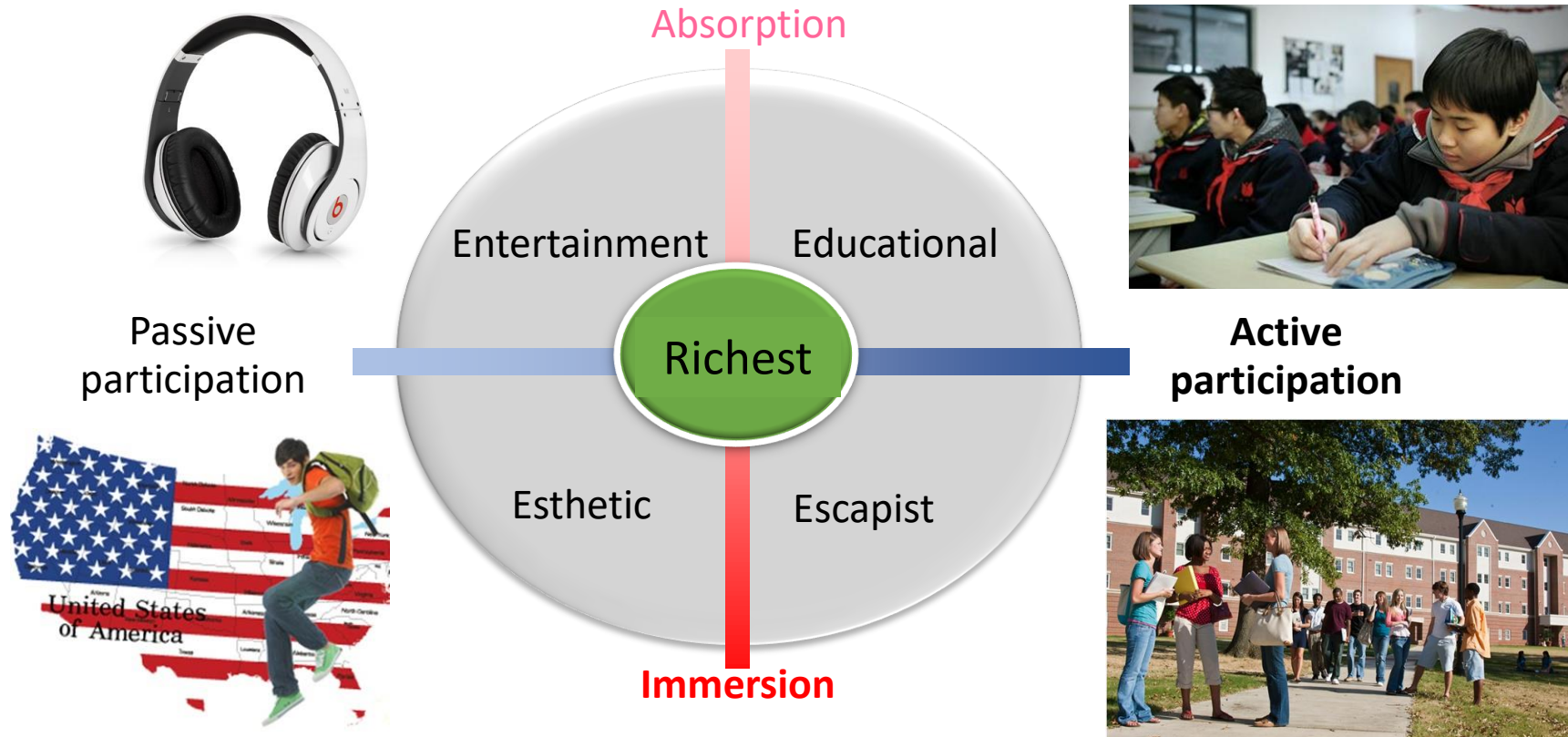


Progress of teaching and learning methods in the view of learning experience



The Four Realms of an Experience

Learning English



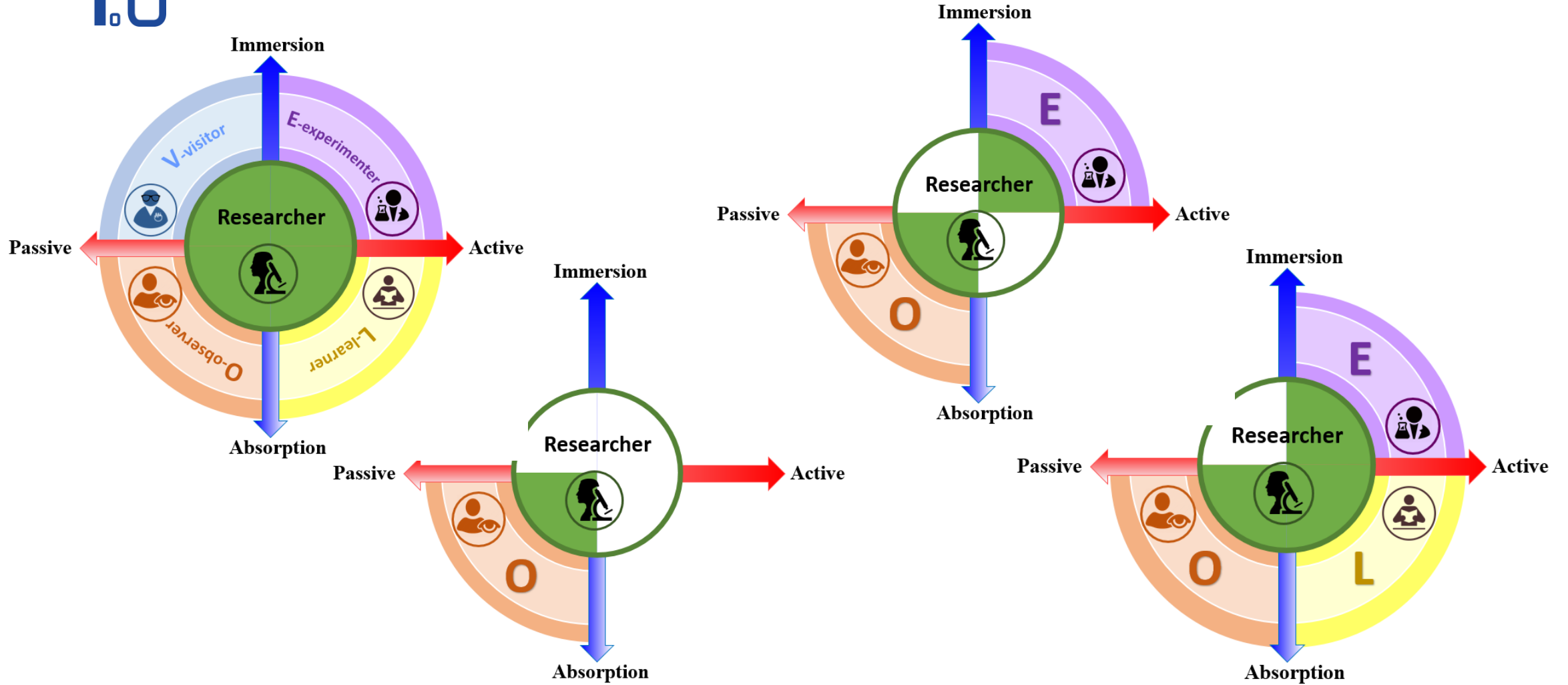
Welcome to experience economy, Pine and Gilmore, 1998

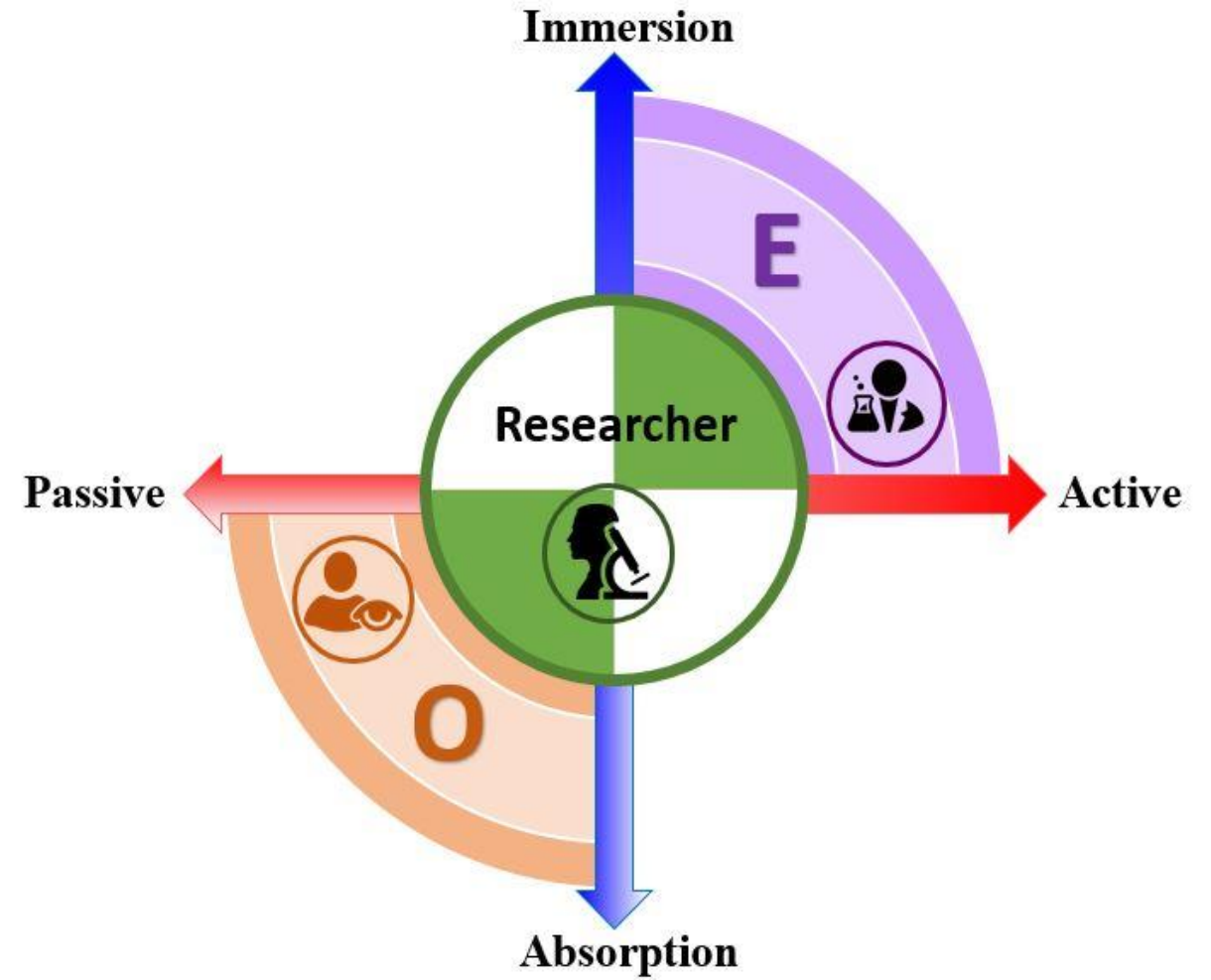


LOVE Model for Student Experience



Assessment student learning experience with 'LOVE'





Existing Teaching & Learning Methods

Teaching and Learning Methods	1. Assignments	11. Guided practical exercises	21. Role play
	2. Brainstorming	12. Individual presentation	22. Seminars conducted in class
	3. Case study	13. Integrated or interdisciplinary teaching	23. Showing video material
	4. Class debate	14. Laboratory classes	24. Simulation
	5. Conference	15. Lecture	25. Small group debate
	6. Demonstration with exercising	16. Live lecture from a remote place	26. Virtual laboratory
	7. Discussion	17. Online interactive learning	27. Virtual reality
	8. Field classes, trips and excursion	18. Problem-based learning (PrBL)	28. Workshop
	9. Game-based learning	19. Programmed teaching	
	10. Guided conversation	20. Project-based learning (PjBL)	





Sajjad, S. (2010). Effective teaching methods at higher education level. *Pakistan Journal of Special Education*, 11, 29-43.

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Močinić, S. N. (2012). Active teaching strategies in higher education. *Metodički obzori: časopis za odgojno-obrazovnu teoriju i praksu*, 7(15), 97-105.

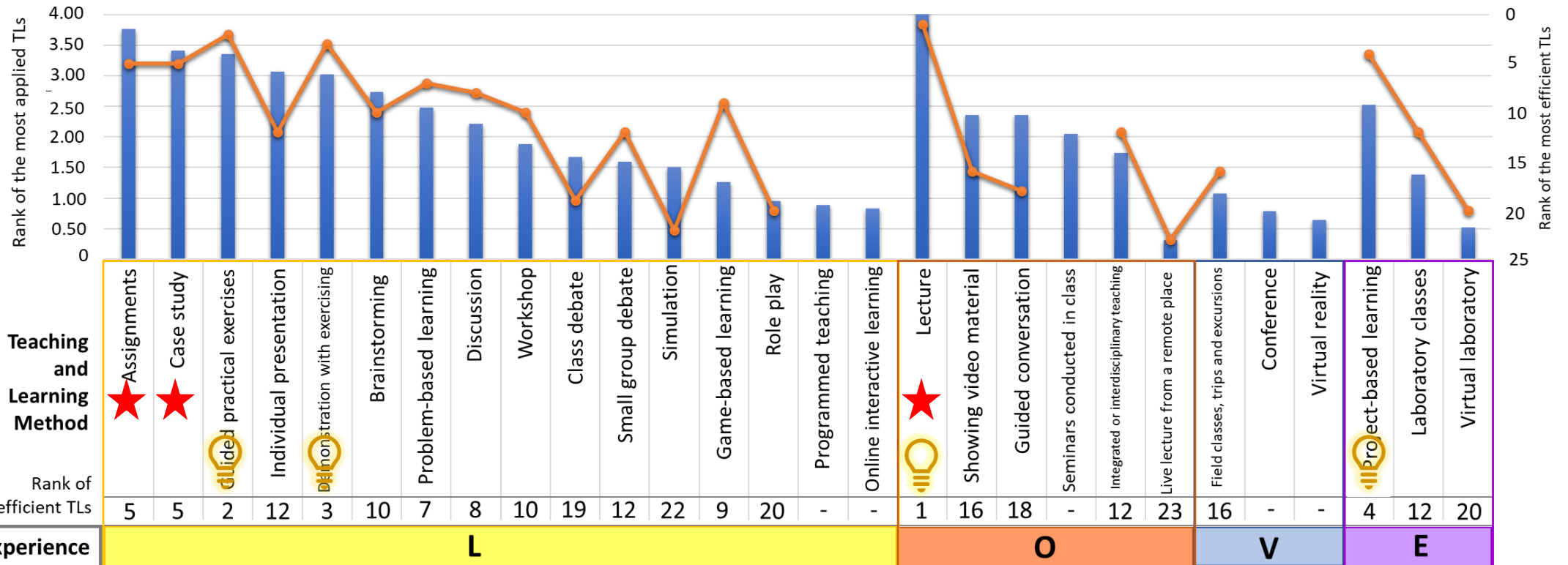
Teaching & Learning Methods on LOVE Grid

 <p>V-Visiting (passive immersion)</p>	 <p>E-Experimenting (active immersion)</p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Field classes, trips and excursions 2. Conference 3. Virtual reality 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Project-based learning (PjBL) 2. Laboratory classes 3. Virtual laboratory 		
 <p>O-Observing (passive absorption)</p>	 <p>L-Learning (active absorption)</p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecture 2. Guided conversation 3. Integrated or interdisciplinary teaching 4. Showing video material 5. Seminars conducted in classes 6. Live lecture from a remote place 	<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discussion 2. Demonstration with exercising 3. Class debate 4. Small groups debate 5. Simulation 6. Problem-based learning (PrBL) 7. Programmed teaching 8. Workshop 9. Brainstorming 10. Case study 11. Online interactive learning 12. Game-based learning </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. Guided practical exercises 13. Role play 14. Assignments 15. Individual presentation </td> </tr> </table>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discussion 2. Demonstration with exercising 3. Class debate 4. Small groups debate 5. Simulation 6. Problem-based learning (PrBL) 7. Programmed teaching 8. Workshop 9. Brainstorming 10. Case study 11. Online interactive learning 12. Game-based learning 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. Guided practical exercises 13. Role play 14. Assignments 15. Individual presentation
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discussion 2. Demonstration with exercising 3. Class debate 4. Small groups debate 5. Simulation 6. Problem-based learning (PrBL) 7. Programmed teaching 8. Workshop 9. Brainstorming 10. Case study 11. Online interactive learning 12. Game-based learning 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. Guided practical exercises 13. Role play 14. Assignments 15. Individual presentation 		



Learning Experience from Teaching and Learning Methods in Engineering Education: Instructors' Viewpoint

The comparison between the most applied and the most efficient teaching and learning methods (TLs) in engineering education from instructors' viewpoint

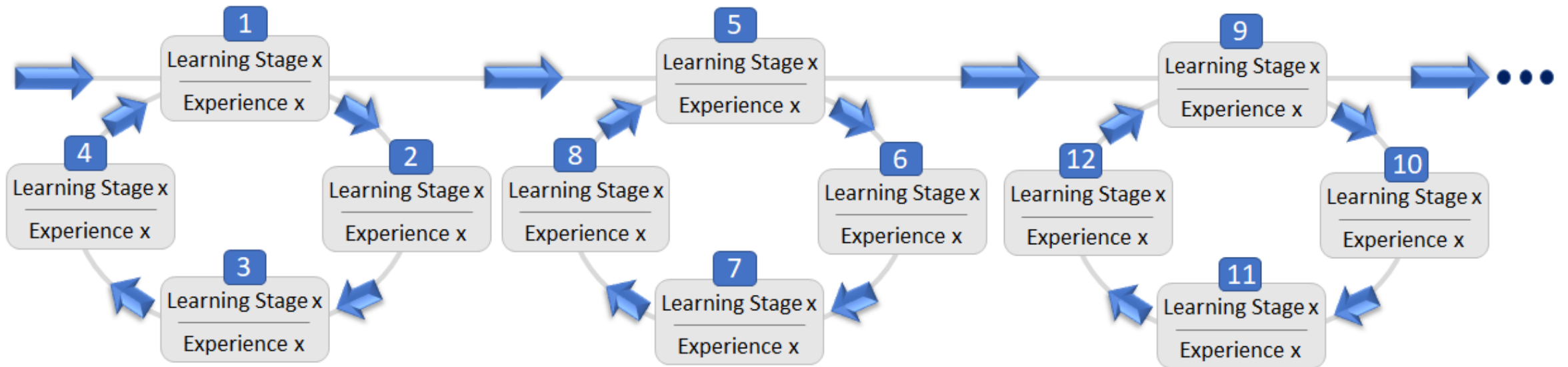


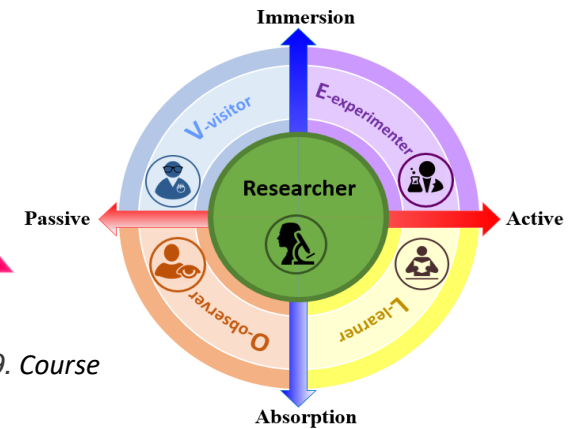
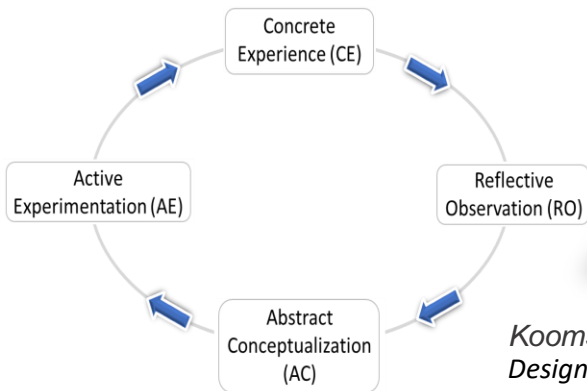
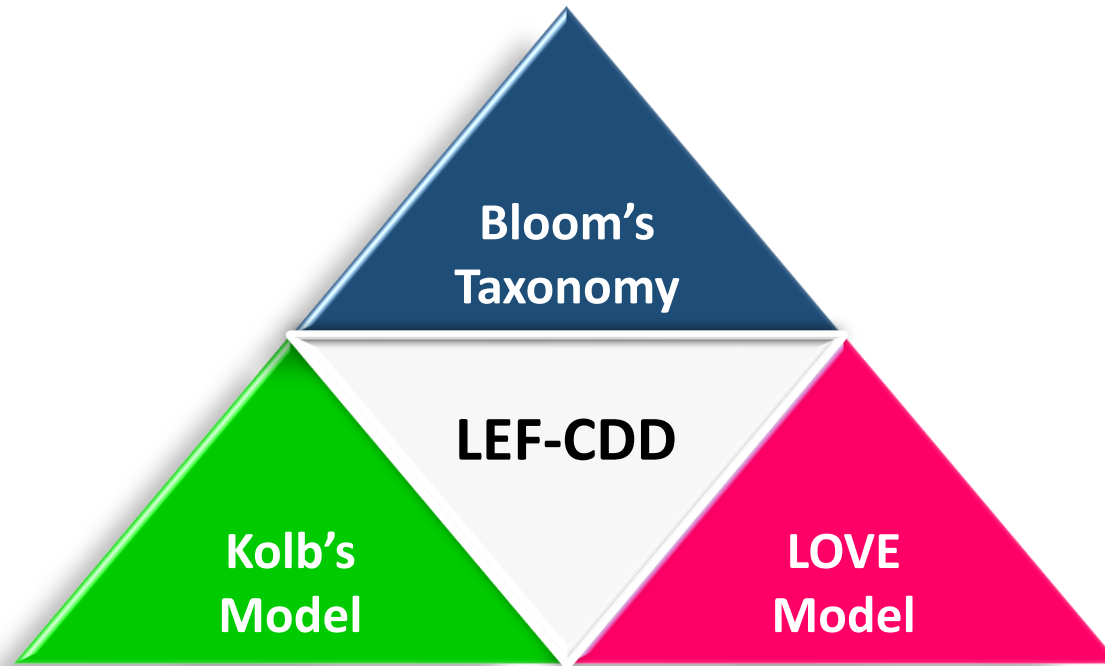
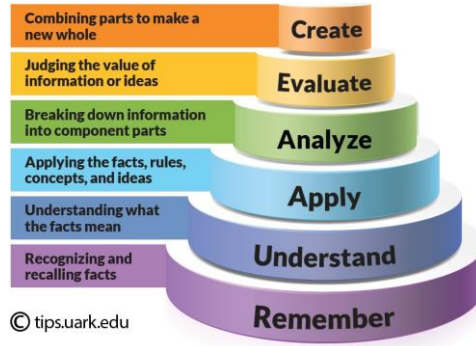
■ Degree of the most applied teaching and learning methods

— Rank of the most efficient teaching and learning method



LEF-CDD Concept





Koomsap, P., Hussadintorn Na Ayutthaya, D., Nitkiewicz, T., Lima, R.M. & Luong, H.T., 2019. Course Design and Development: Focus on Student Learning Experience, PAEE/ALE'2019





LEF-CDD Process

Course Title

Backward Design

Course Objectives

Course Learning Outcomes

Assessment Methods

Course Outline

Experiential Learning Cycles

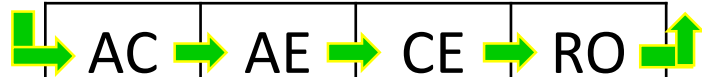
LOVE-Based Teaching & Learning Methods





Learning Experience-Focused Course Design & Development (LEF-CDD)

Experiential Learning Cycle



Content	T1				
	T2				
	T3				
	T4				
	Tx				

LOVE-Based Teaching & Learning Methods



		AC	AE	CE	RO
Content	T1				
	T2				
	T3				
	T4				
	Tx				



Learning Experience-Focused Course Design & Development (LEF-CDD)

Experiential Learning Cycle

		AC	AE	CE	RO
Content	T1	1	2	3	4
	T2	5	6	7	8
	T3	9	10	11	12
	T4	13	14	15	16
	Tx	...			

LOVE-Based Teaching & Learning Methods

		AC	AE	CE	RO
Content	T1	TLx [O]	TLx [L]	TLx [L]	TLx [L]
	T2	TLx [L]	TLx [L]	TLx [L]	TLx [L]
	T3	TLx [O]	TLx [E]	TLx [V]	TLx [L]
	T4	TLx [O]	TLx [E]	TLx [E]	TLx [L]
	Tx	...			



Product Design and Development

- A participant-centered learning course
- Lecture materials include, but not limited to, slides, case study, games, interesting animations, and videos.
- Most of the lecture sessions contain discussion.
- For topics such as strategy, obtaining voices of customers, identifying customer needs, and concept generation, there will also be activities in class before students practice them in their projects.





Product Design and Development

Course Objective:

Effective product design and development process is necessary for a company to be competitive in a market. The objective of this course is to provide students knowledge on a systematic approach for product design and development process. **In this course, the students will learn and practice how to systematically design products in a team environment.**





Product Design and Development

Learning Outcomes:

On the completion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1) analyze products offered in a market for their effectiveness
- 2) develop a mission statement according to the identified business opportunity
- 3) systematically apply knowledge learned for the design and development of a product.





Product Design and Development

Assessment Scheme:

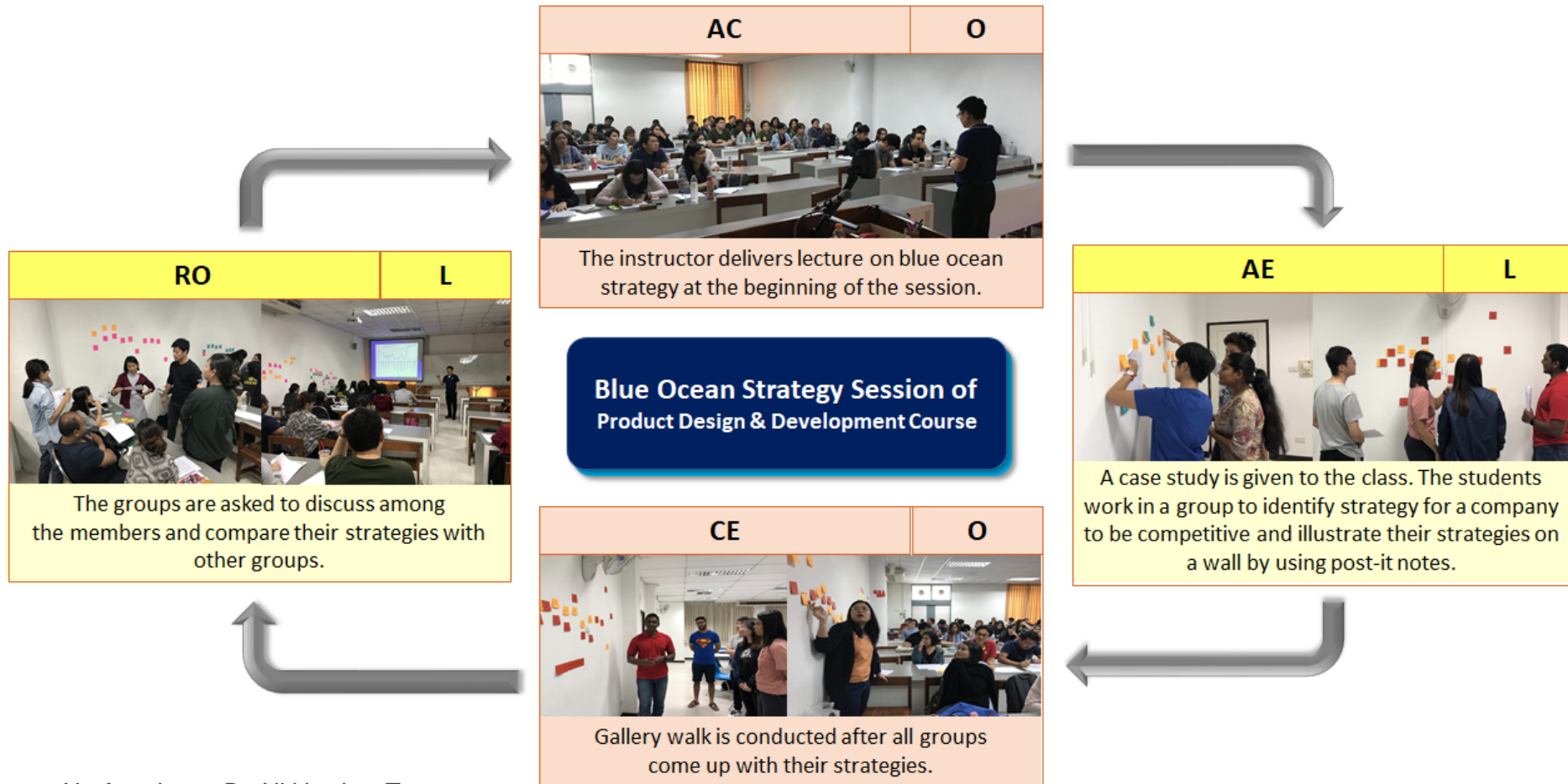
The weight distribution for calculating the final grade is as follows: final examination 30%, group project 40%, individual assignments 10%, and class participation 20%.

An "A" would be awarded if a student can demonstrate a clear understanding of the knowledge learned in class as well as from literature reviews, can apply the knowledge appropriately in the project, and involve actively in class discussion.

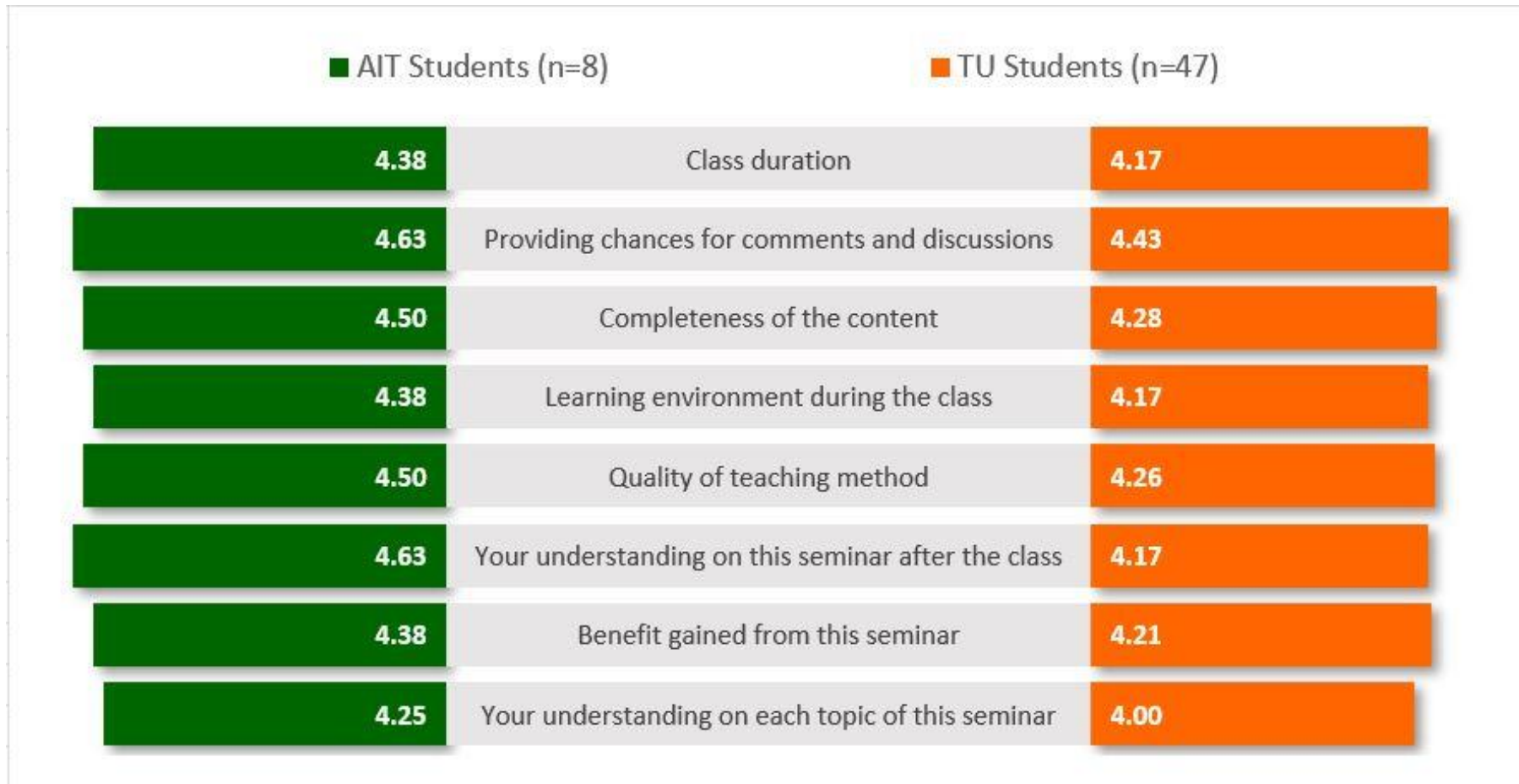


Main Topic	Subtopic	Sequence of Learning Stages (Learning Experience)			
		AC	AE	CE	RO
I. Importance of Product Development	1. Introduction			1 (O)	2 (L)
	2. Product Development Strategies	3 (LO)	4 (LE)	5 (LO)	6 (L)
	3. Development Processes and Organizations	7 (LO)			
II. Product Concept Development	1. Mission Statement	8 (LO)	9 (E)	14 (LO)	15 (L)
	2. Customer Need Assessment				
	2.1 Obtaining Voice of Customers	10 (LO)	11 (LE)	12 (LO)	13 (L)
	2.2 Identifying customer needs	16 (LO)	17 (LE)	18 (LO)	19 (L)
	2.3 Kano Model	23 (LO)	20 (LE)	21 (LO)	22 (L)
	3. Product Specifications	24 (LO)	30 (E)	31 (LO)	32 (L)
	4. Quality Function Deployment (QFD)	25 (O)	34 (E)	35 (LO)	36 (L)
	5. Concept Generation	29 (O)	26 (LE)	27 (E)	28 (L)
6. Concept Selection	33 (O)	40 (E)	46 (LO)	47 (L)	
III. System Level Design for Product Development	1. Process Driven Design	37 (LO)	41 (E)	46 (LO)	47 (L)
	2. Product Architecture	38 (LO)	42 (E)	46 (LO)	47 (L)
	3. Industrial Design	39 (O)			
	4. Design for manufacturing	43 (O)			
	5. Prototyping	44 (O)			
	6. Economics of Product Development Projects	45 (O)			

Implementation of Blue Ocean Strategy Session on LEF-CDD



Student Satisfaction on Blue Ocean Strategy Session



MSE 4.0

Course
No. 15

Customer Experience-Driven Design

Pisut Koomsap (AIT),
Duangthida Hussadintorn Na Ayutthaya (AIT),
Tomasz Nitkiewicz (CUT),
Apiwat Muttamara (TU),
Agnieszka Ociepa-Kubicka (CUT)

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Course Objective



Economic offerings have progressed to the fourth evolution when products and services are used as props and stages for creating memorable experiences to customers. It is important for students to be able to support an industry with this change.

This course aims to build student competence in design customer experience with knowledge on a concept of customer experience management (CEM) and on a systematic approach for an experience design process.

In this course, the students will learn customer perception, customer involvement, and customer experience. Besides, they will learn and practice how to design customer journey and to prevent failure of offering in a team environment.



Learning Outcomes

The students on the completion of this course would be able to:

- CLO1 Present entrepreneurial and creative attitude towards seeking various problem solutions (*Apply*),
- CLO2 Identify customer needs (*Analyze*),
- CLO3 Identify potential failure of offerings (*Analyze*),
- CLO4 Manage customer experience journey (*Create*),
- CLO5 Communicate effectively and work in an interdisciplinary team environment (*Apply*),
- CLO6 Design a pain point-free, memorable customer experience journey (*Create*),
- CLO7 Utilize Industry 4.0 technologies/applications to support the creation of a memorable customer experience journey (*Apply*)



Assessment

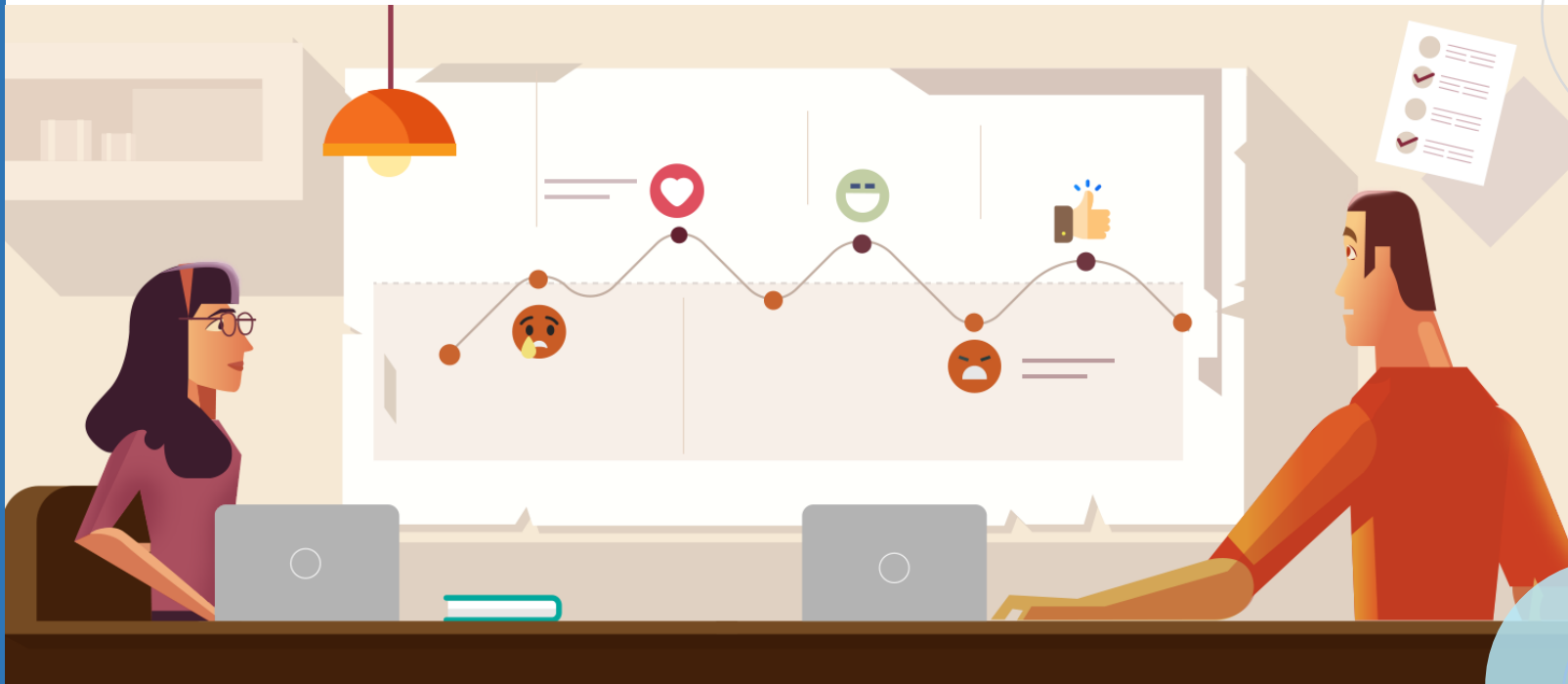
	CLO1	CLO2	CLO3	CLO4	CLO5	CLO6	CLO 7
Formative assessment methos							
Class discussions (10%)	3	3	3	3	9	3	3
Class participation (10%)	3	3	3	3	9	3	3
Peer assessment in class activities (10%)					9		
Individual assignments and presentations (10%)	1	1		1	9		3
Progress presentation (15%)	3	9	9	9	9	9	9
Summative assessment method							
Executive summary for group project (5%)	3	3	3	3	9	3	3
Project outcome (10%)	9	9	9	9		9	9
Final group project presentation (10%)	3	3	3	3	9	3	3
Final Examination (20%)	3	3	3	3		3	3

Assessment Model:

9: Strong; 3: Moderate, 1: weak

Module I

Pain Point-Free Customer Experience Journey

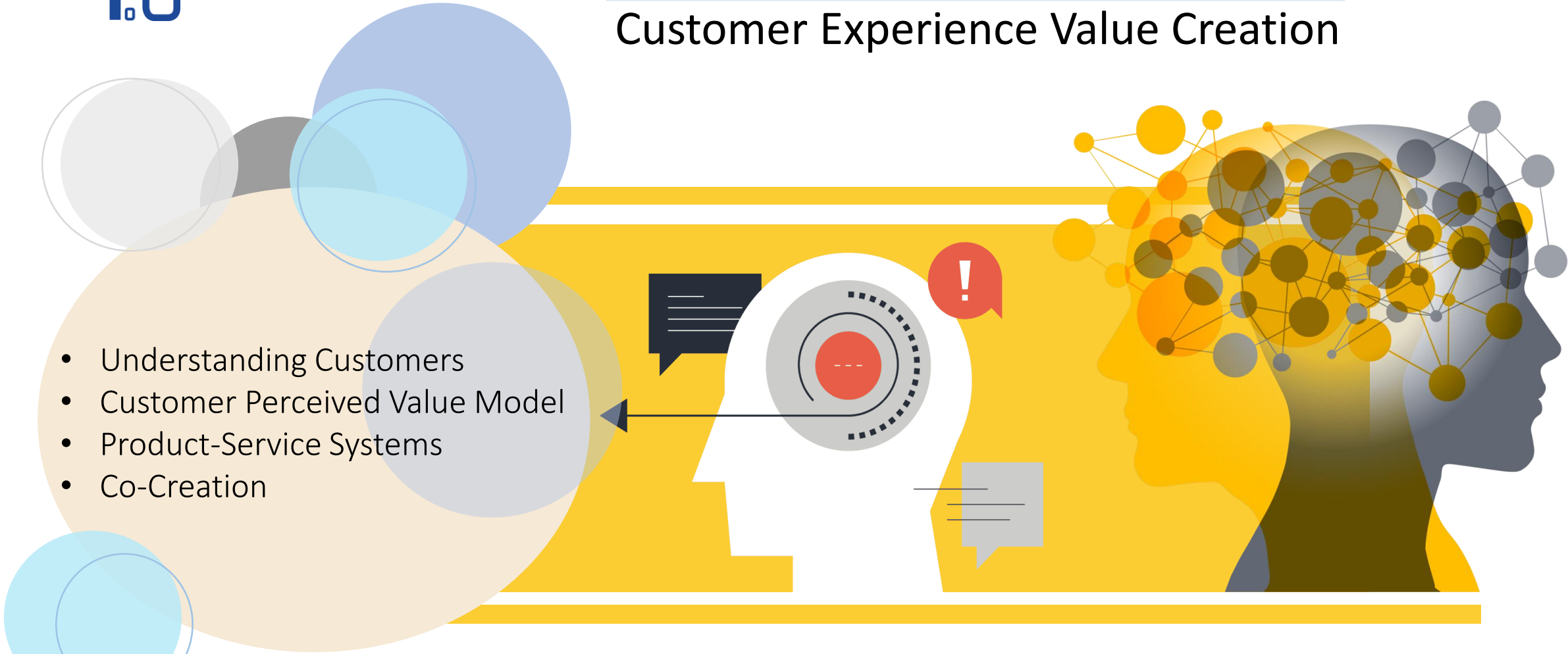


- Introduction to Experience Economy
- Customer Journey
- Experience Clues
- Customer Oriented-Failure Prevention

Module II

Customer Experience Value Creation

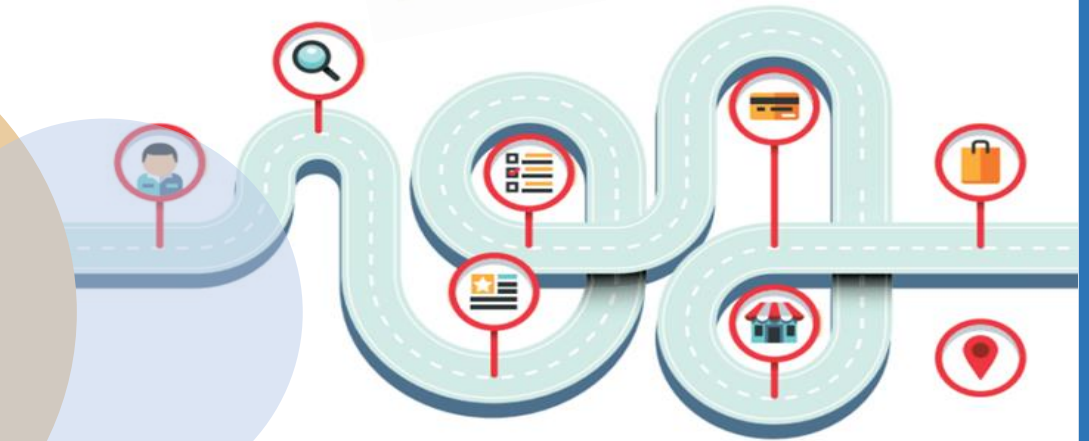
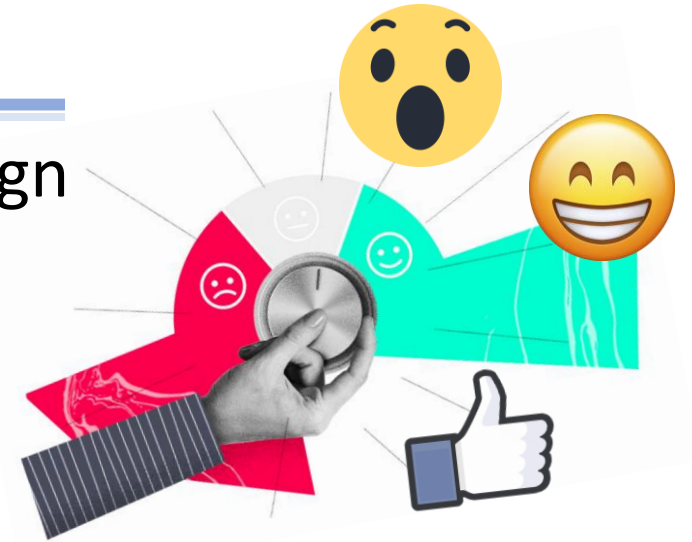
- Understanding Customers
- Customer Perceived Value Model
- Product-Service Systems
- Co-Creation



Memorable Customer Experience Design

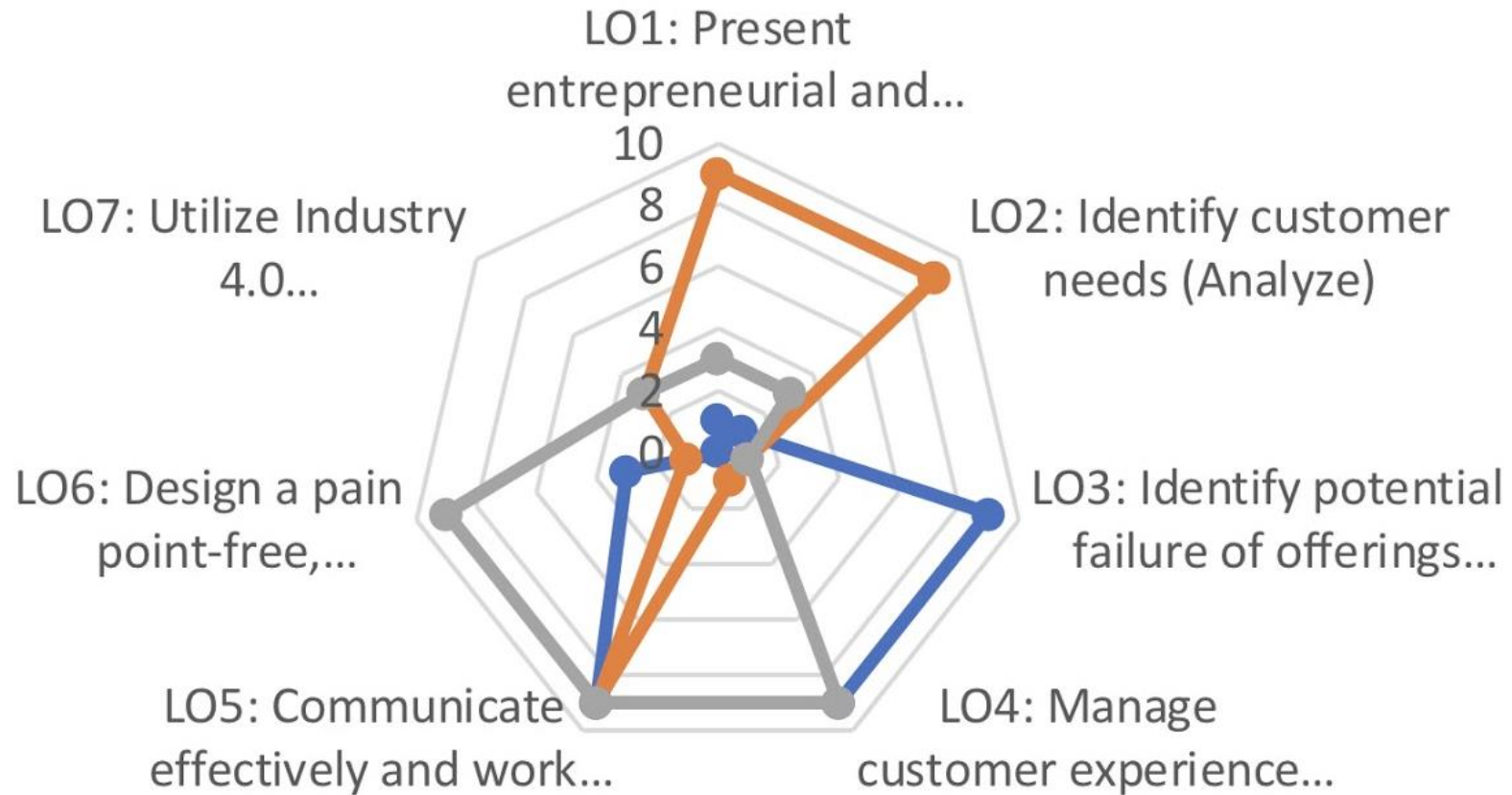


- Customer Experience Journey Design
- Embedding Memorable Experience into Customer Experience Journey
- Customer Experience Co-Creation
- Industry 4.0 Technologies/Applications for the Creation of Customer Experience



Modules' Contribution to Course Learning Outcomes

Module1 Module2 Module3



MSE 4.0

Course
No. 16

Communications and
People Skills Development
for Engineering Leaders



Diana Mesquita (UMinho),
Pisut Koomsap (AIT),
Athakorn Kengpol (KMUTNB),
Duangthida Hussadintorn Na Ayutthaya (AIT)

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Course Objective

Technical excellence is always a trademark for engineering graduates, but their lack of collaborative communication skills, people skills and understanding holistic picture, which are essential characteristics of a leader, often hinder their career success. This course aims to build engineering student competence in leadership communication skills and people skills. This course will train the engineering students on how to be a leader who can communicate effectively to facilitate the achievement of organizational goals and to motivate other members along the way.

Learning Outcomes

The students on the completion of this course would be able to:

- CLO1 Explain their works, thoughts, and ideas effectively (*Create*),
- CLO2 Do both technical and non-technical written communication that ease understanding of audiences (*Create*),
- CLO3 Make presentation professionally (*Create*),
- CLO4 Develop emotional intelligence domains and competencies in different professional situations (*Create*),
- CLO5 Work in a team environment in a complex workplace (*Apply*),
- CLO6 Apply people skills to support, lead, persuade, motivate and inspire others to achieve goals (*Apply*).



Assessment

	CLO1	CLO2	CLO3	CLO4	CLO5	CLO6
Formative Assessment Methods						
Class discussions and participation (15%)	9	1	3	3	9	9
Oral communication (15%)	9		9	3	9	9
Written communication (10%)		9	3	1		3
Presentation (10%)	9	9	9	3	3	1
Simulation/Scenario (10%)	9	3		9	9	9
Peer Assessment (10%)	9	3	3	3	9	3
Summative Assessment Methods						
Powerful Public Speaking (10%)	9	3	3	9	1	9
Personal Development (20%)	9	9	9	9	9	9

Assessment Model:

9: Strong; 3: Moderate, 1: weak





Module I

Essential Communication Skills Development for Self Expression

Effective oral communications

- Knowing your intention and audience
- Get your audience attention
- Deliver your presentation professional

Effective written communications

- Plotting your idea
- Filling up your story
- Polishing your story



Module II

Collaborative Communication Skills Development

- Personality, character, and Cultural barrier in communication
- Emotional intelligence
- Strategic persuasive communication
- Conflict management strategies
- Effective managerial communication in a meeting

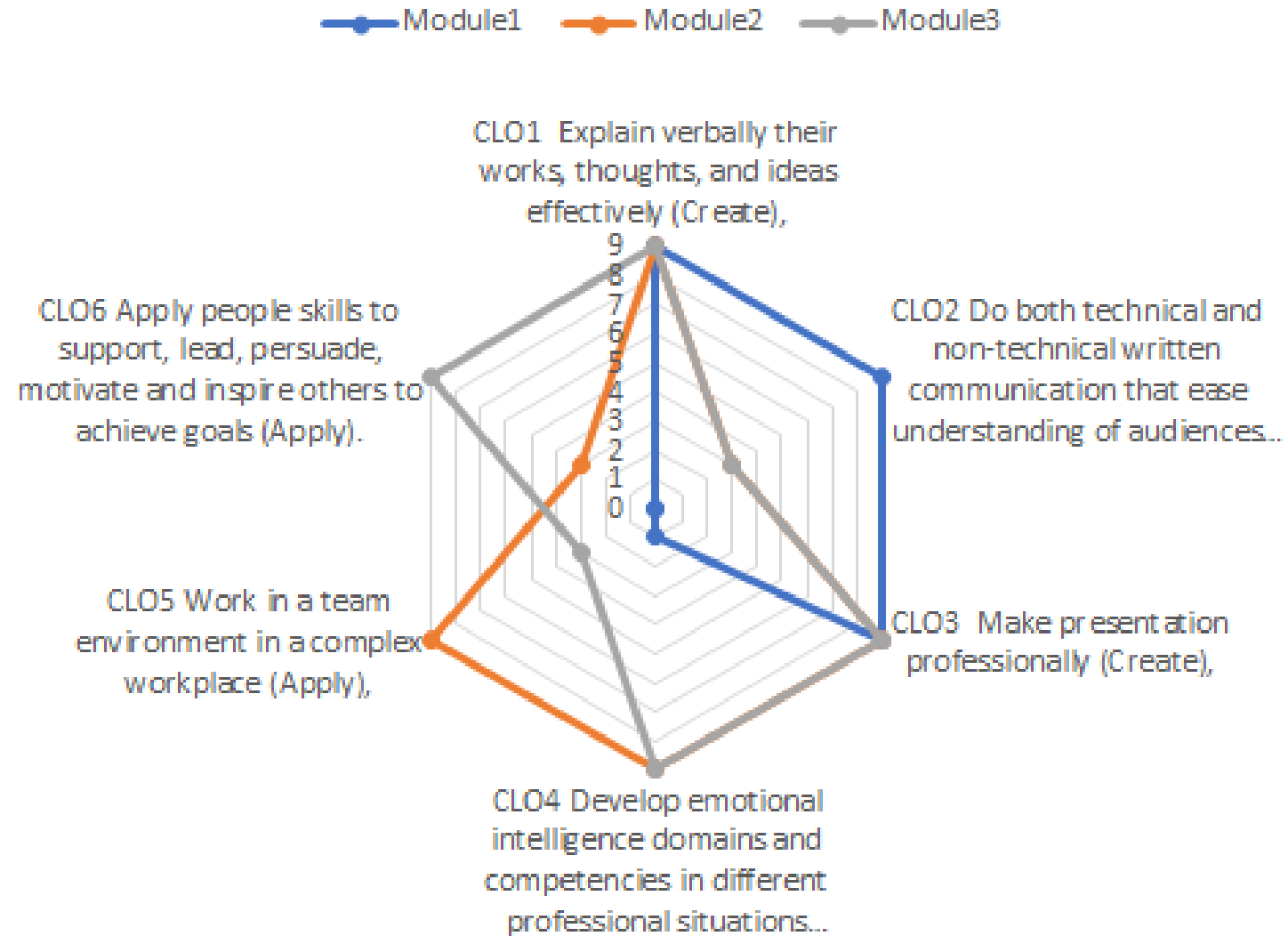


Leadership Communication Skills Development

- Knowing your leadership style
- Cultivating your leadership and communication style
- Nonverbal communication
- Adapting your communication to different situations and audiences
- Making your message powerful, motivating and inspiring



Modules' Contribution to Course Learning Outcomes





Modernized MSIE Curriculum with 16 Courses

16
Courses

1. Enterprise Management in Digital Economy
2. Project Management for Industry 4.0
3. Smart Operations Management
4. Quality Management for Extended Enterprise
5. Sustainable Supply Chain Management
6. Digital Factory
7. Advanced Optimization: Techniques and Industrial Applications
8. Intelligent Decision Support Systems
9. Applied Data Analytics
10. Cyber-Physical Industrial Systems
11. Collaborative Manufacturing Systems
12. Additive Manufacturing for Industry 4.0
13. Innovative Product Design and Development
14. Human-Centric Design for Operator 4.0
15. Customer Experience-Driven Design
16. Communications and People Skills Development for Engineering Leaders

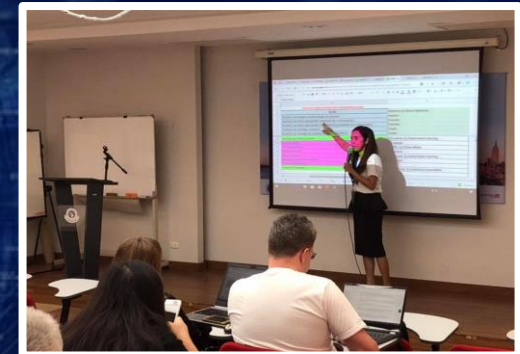




Workshops on Learning Experience-Focused Course Design and Development (LEF-CDD)

The workshops will be organized at different regions of the country.

Workshops



LEF-CDD Workshop
at CMU
January 2019

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



MSE 4.0

PAEE/ALE' 2020

International Conference on Active Learning in Engineering Education

“Striving Engineering Education Towards Student Competence Development”

26th - 28th of August, 2020 in Pattaya, Thailand

International
Conference



©FUN FUN PHOTO/shutterstock

www.paeale.ait.ac.th

Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Impossible

A big word thrown around by small men who find it easier to live in the world they've been given than to explore the power they have to change it.



Impossible is not a fact. It's an opinion

It's not a declaration. It's a dare.

Impossible is **nothing**.

Nothing is impossible





Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Thank You

Together We Will Make Our Education Stronger



<https://msie4.ait.ac.th/>



@MSIE4Thailand



MSIE 4.0 Channel



Curriculum Development
of Master's Degree Program in
Industrial Engineering for Thailand Sustainable Smart Industry